

TU 10:12:44

TJ - 02:07:16

HO 12:20:00



AUTORISATION LANCEMENT

ETAT BASE

LOGISTIQUE

SAUVEGARDE

MESURES

TELEMESURE

LOCALISATION

TELECOM

ENSEMBLE de LANCEMENT

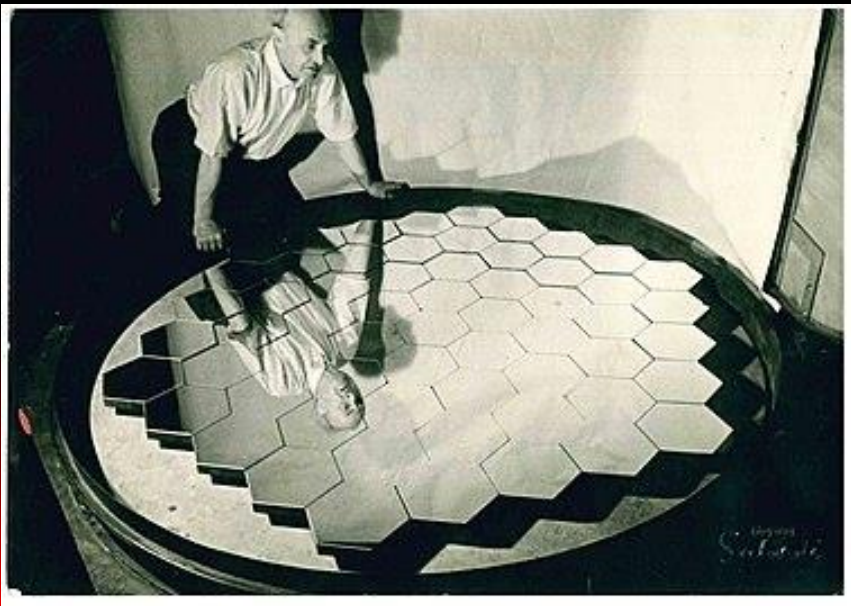
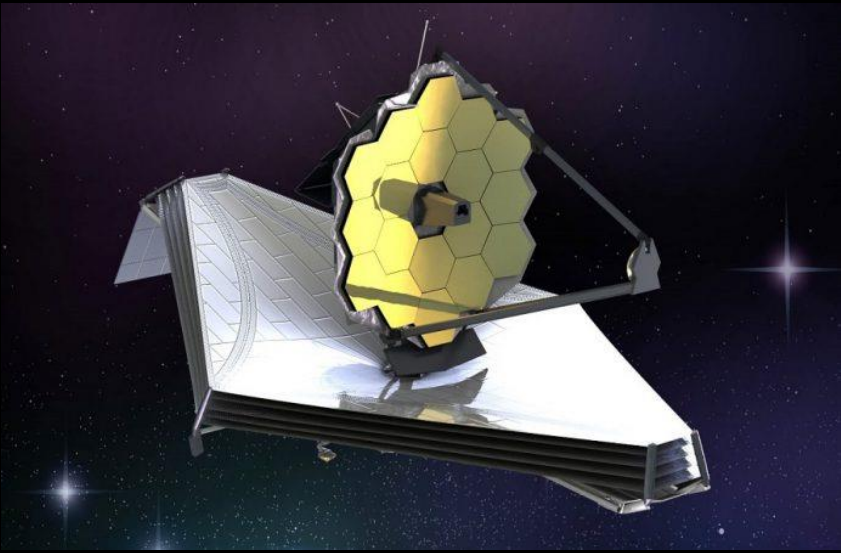
LANCEUR

WEBB SPACE TELESCOPE

METEO







Cometa Leonard C/2021 A1

<https://youtu.be/74n89eoF7Ww> Osservazione della cometa Leonard da Atacama con Daniele Gasparri



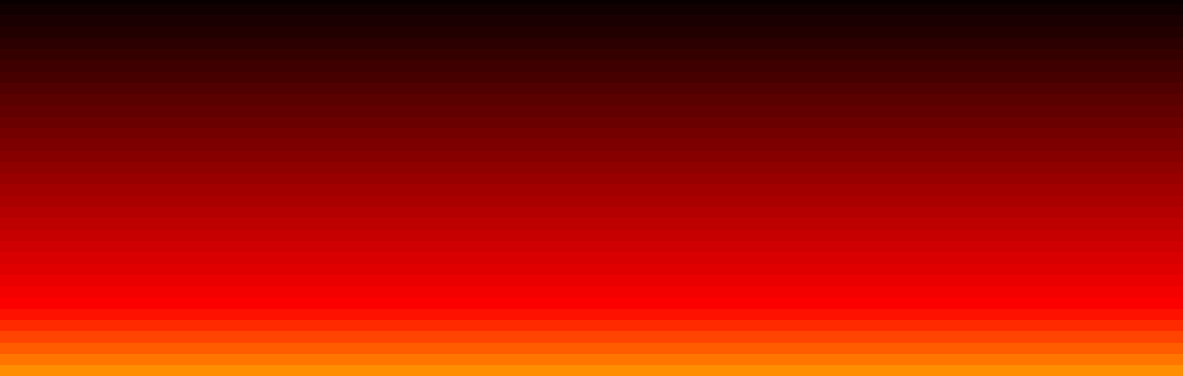


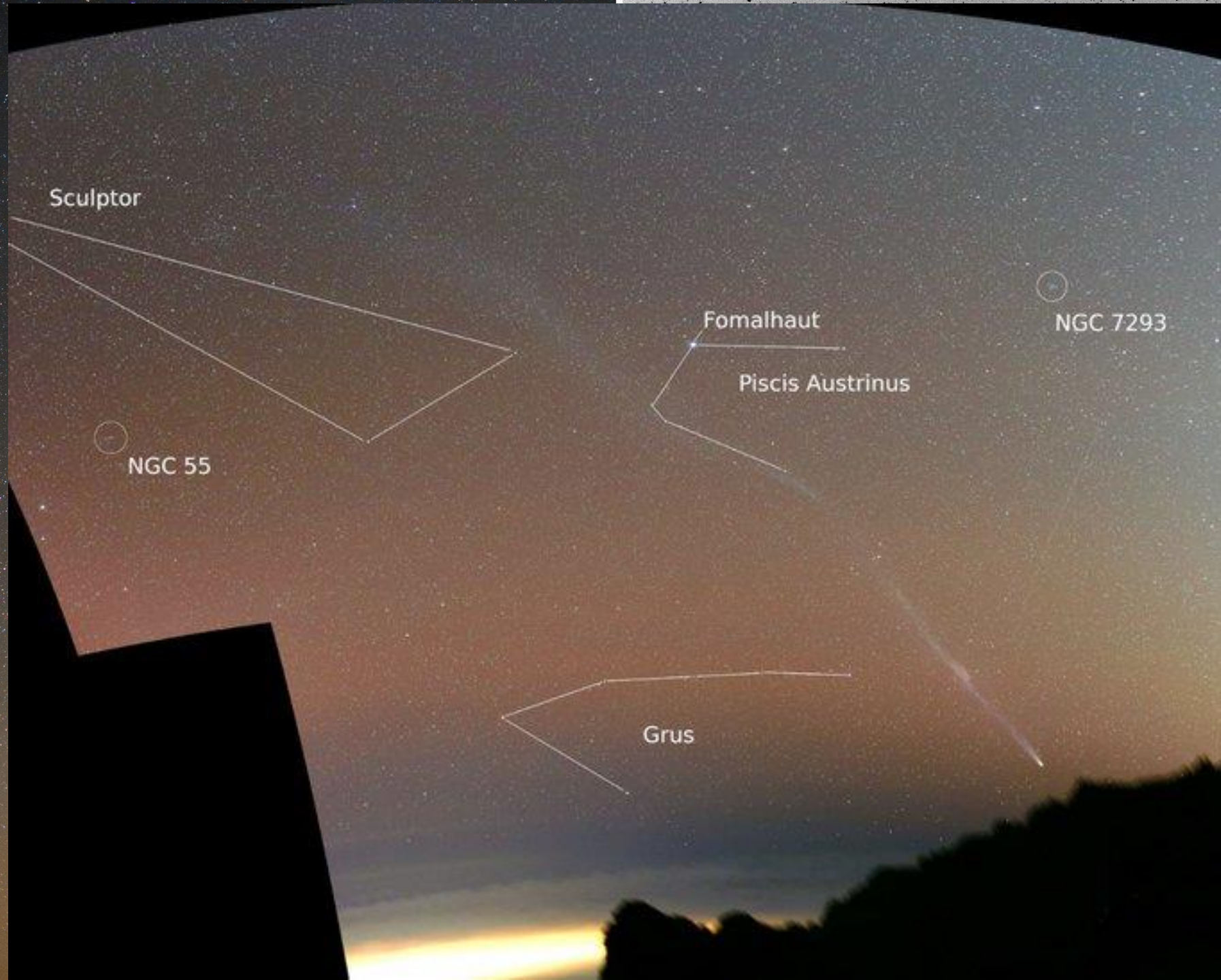
La cometa C/2021 A1 (Leonard)
Scoperta il 3/1/2021 con periodo di circa 80000 anni
Afelio a circa 11500 UA (Plutone 40 UA)

Poco visibile nei nostri cieli a Dicembre, ha dato
spettacolo una volta raggiunto il perielio il
3/1/2022 quando era nel cielo australe

← 24 dicembre il nucleo ha una frammentazione

27 dicembre si vedono gli effetti della
frammentazione →





Sculptor

NGC 55

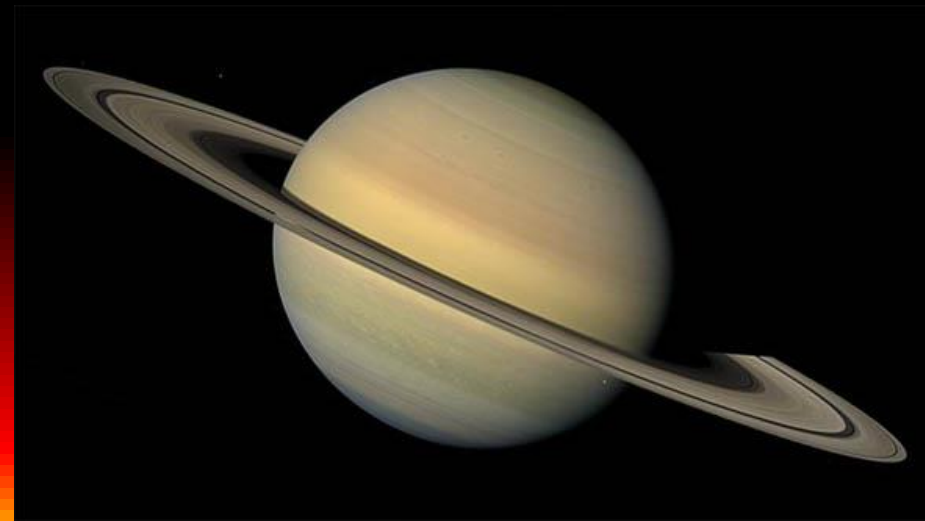
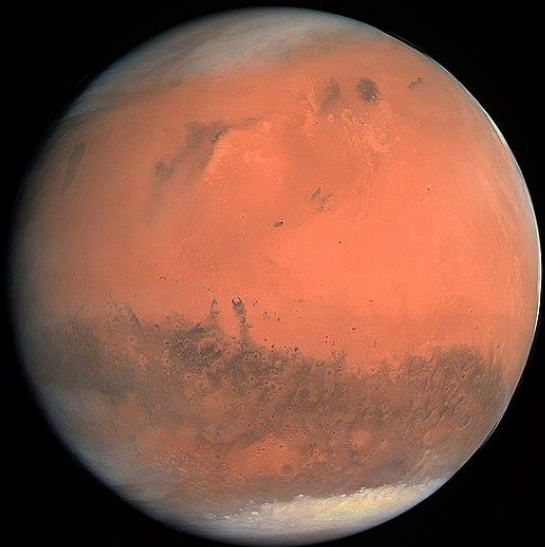
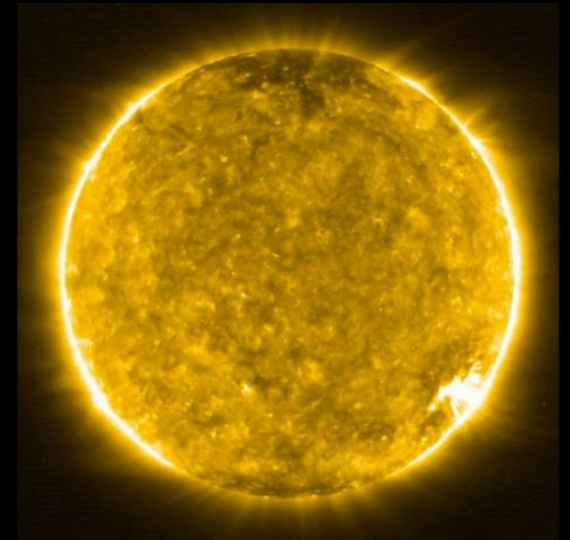
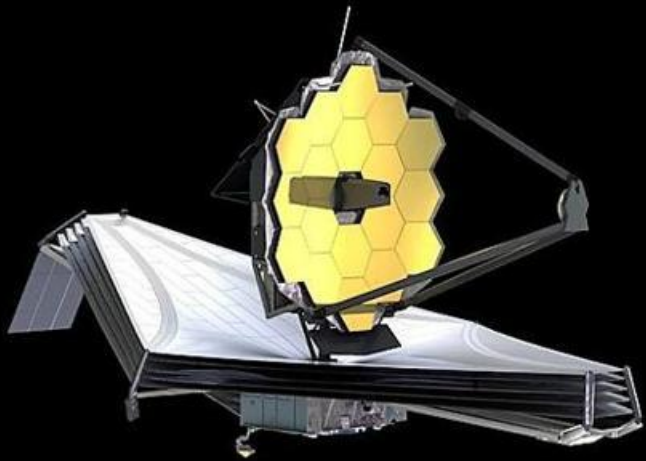
Fomalhaut

Piscis Austrinus

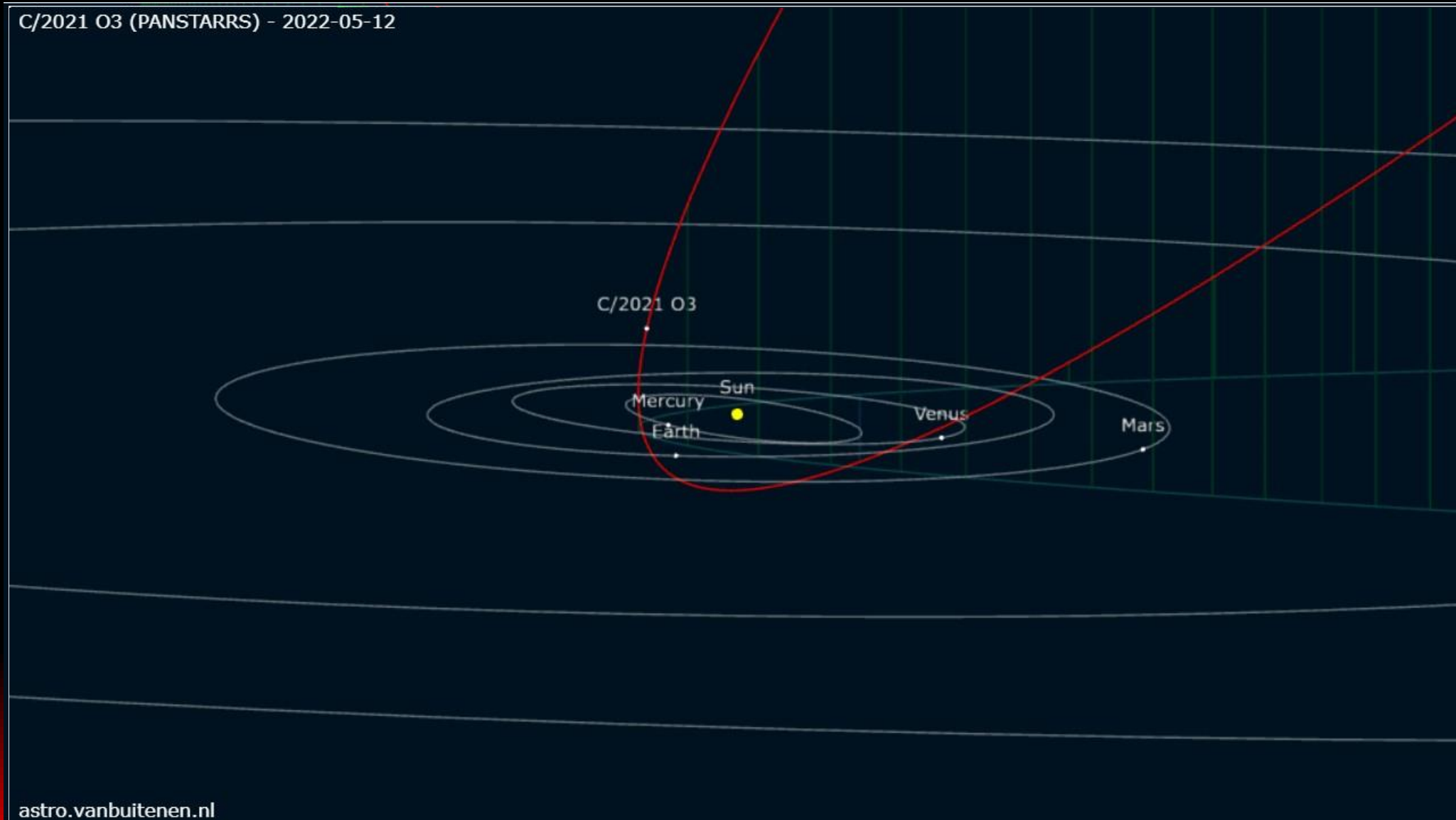
NGC 7293

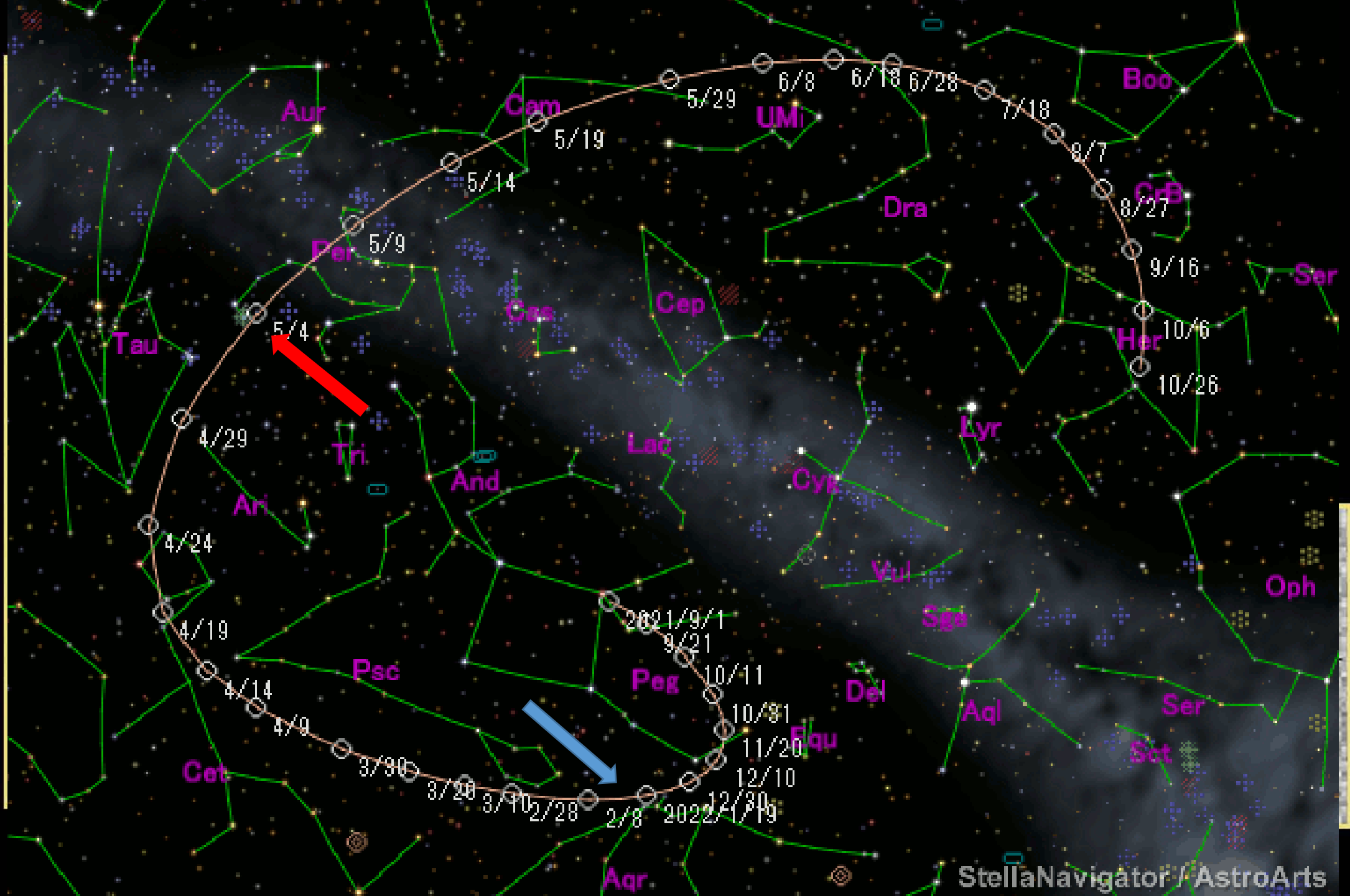
Grus

Fenomeni astronomici del 2022



C/2021 O3 (PanSTARRS) scoperta il 26 luglio 2021, ora di mag. 16 fa ben sperare per la prossima primavera, Il 21 Aprile passa al perielio a 0.2 UA dal Sole





SCIAME	Visibilità	Punto di origine	Data del massimo	Num. per ora **	Progenitore
Quadrantidi	Prima dell'alba	N	Jan. 3–4	25	—
Lyridi	Prima dell'alba	S	Apr. 21–22	10	Thatcher
Eta Aquaridi	Prima dell'alba	SE	May 4–5	10	Halley
Delta Aquaridi	Prima dell'alba	S	July 28–29	10	—
<u>Perseidi</u>	Prima dell'alba	NE	Aug. 11–12	50	Swift-Tuttle
Draconidi	Tarda serata	NW	Oct. 8–10	6	Giacobini-Zinner
Orionidi	Prima dell'alba	S	Oct. 20–21	15	Halley
Tauridi nord	Late evening	S	Nov. 11–12	3	Encke
Leonidi	Prima dell'alba	S	Nov. 16–17	10	Tempel-Tuttle
Andromeidi	Tarda serata	S	Nov. 25–27	5	Biela
<u>Geminidi</u>	Tutta la notte	NE	Dec. 13–14	75	—
Ursidi	Prima dell'alba	N	Dec. 21–22	5	Tuttle

Equinozi e solstizi del 2022

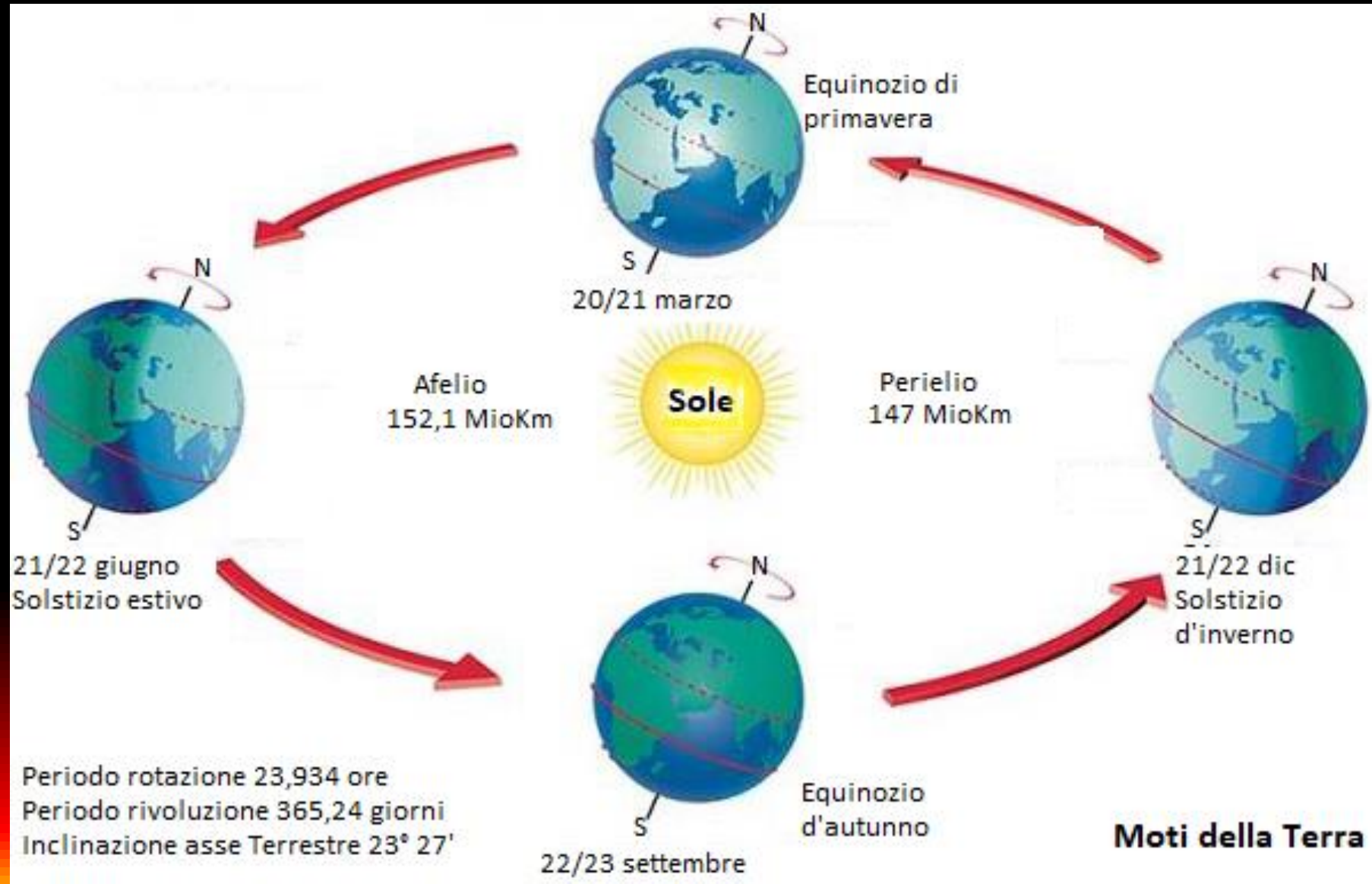
20 marzo alle 16:33 equinozio di primavera

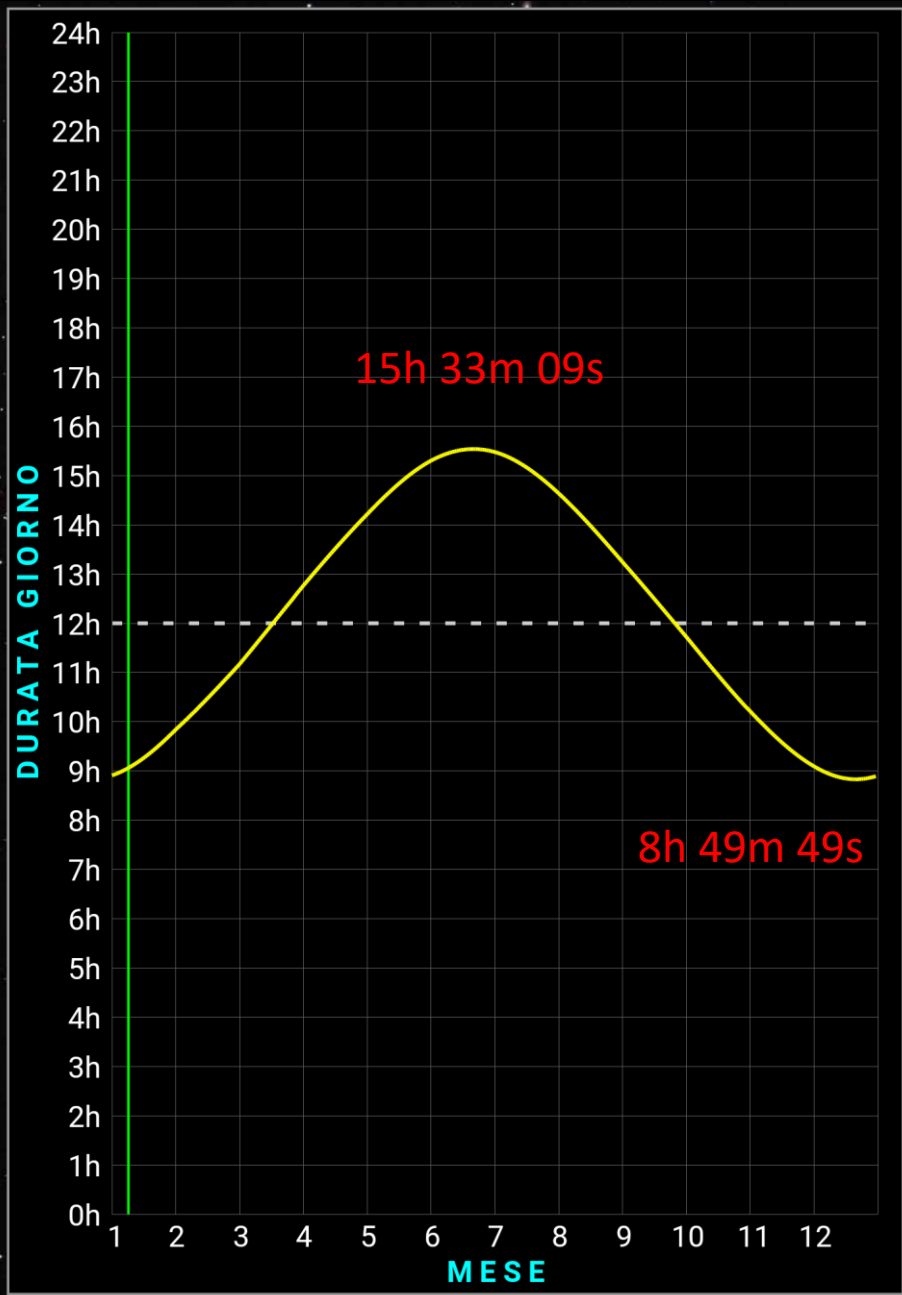
21 giugno alle 11:13 solstizio d'estate

23 settembre alle 03:04 equinozio d'autunno

21 dicembre alle 22:47 solstizio d'inverno

4 gennaio Terra al perelio - distanza dal Sole 147 MKm (32',5)
4 luglio Terra all'afelio - distanza dal Sole 152 MKm (31',5)





Latitudine: 44°24'29"N ▼

Bologna

Ora standard dell'Europa centrale



	Alba	Tramonto	Mezzog.
Ora:	07:48	16:58	12:23
Azimut:	119,9°	240,2°	180,0°
Altezza:	-0.6°	-0.6°	24,1°

Durata del giorno:	9h 09m 36s	←
	ieri: +1m 38s	←
	Solstizio d'inverno: +19m 47s	←
	Solstizio d'estate: -6h 23m 33s	←

Crepuscolo (Inizio / Fine):	
Astronomico:	06:05 - 06:39 18:06 - 18:41
Nautico:	06:39 - 07:16 17:30 - 18:06
Civile:	07:16 - 07:48 16:58 - 17:30

Equazione del tempo:	-8:40
Declinazione:	-21,4°
Distanza:	147.135.840 km



giovedì 13 gennaio 2022



Le eclissi del 2022

30	Aprile	eclisse parziale di Sole	☹️
16	Maggio	eclisse totale di Luna	😊
25	Ottobre	eclisse anulare di Sole	😊
8	Novembre	eclisse totale di Luna	☹️

Partial Solar Eclipse of 2022 Apr 30

Geocentric Conjunction = 19:40:42.5 UT J.D. = 2459700.319937

Greatest Eclipse = 20:41:20.2 UT J.D. = 2459700.362039

Eclipse Magnitude = 0.6389 Gamma = -1.1900

Saros Series = 119 Member = 66 of 71

Sun at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 02h32m15.6s

Dec. = +14°57'53.4"

S.D. = 00°15'52.6"

H.P. = 00°00'08.7"

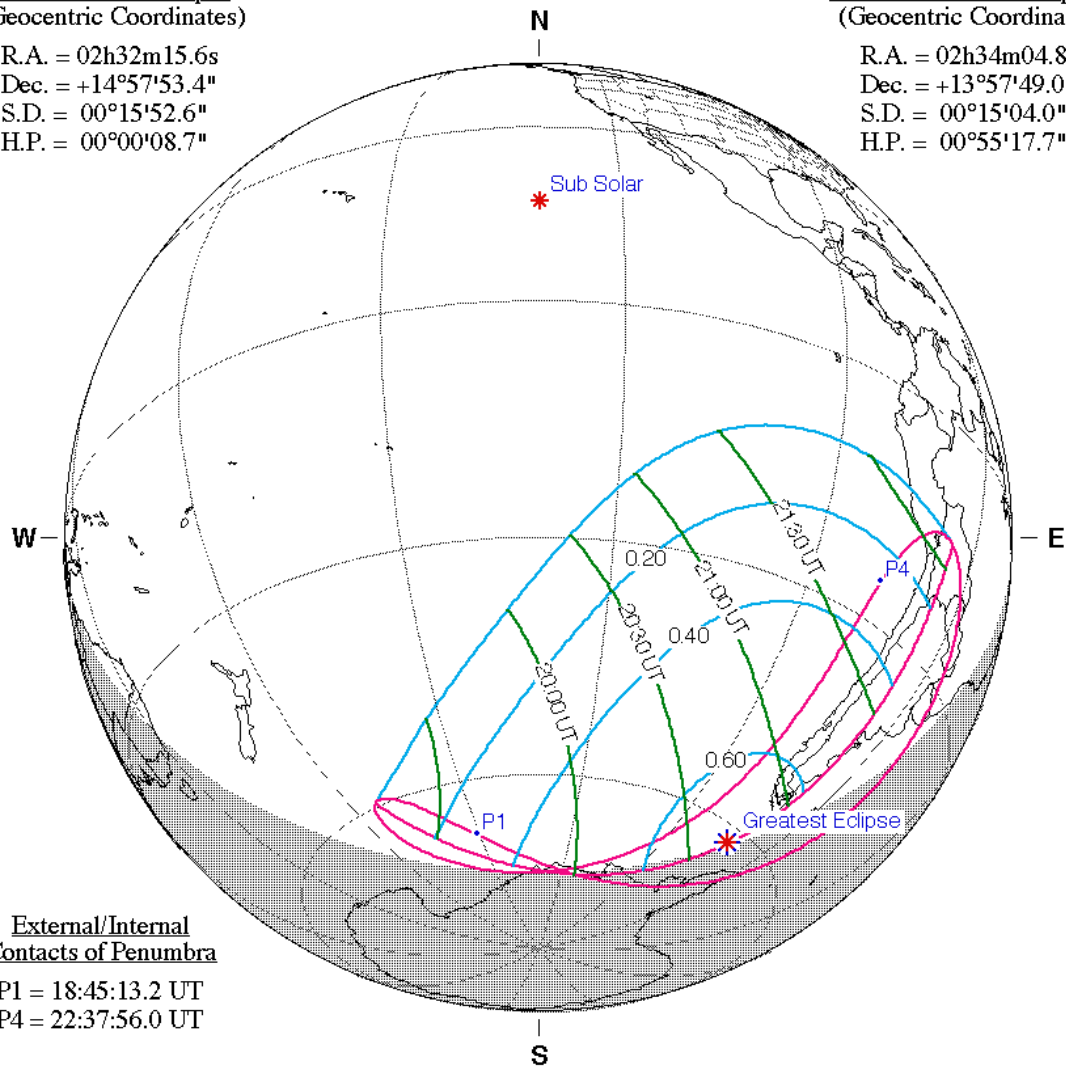
Moon at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 02h34m04.8s

Dec. = +13°57'49.0"

S.D. = 00°15'04.0"

H.P. = 00°55'17.7"



External/Internal Contacts of Penumbra

P1 = 18:45:13.2 UT

P4 = 22:37:56.0 UT



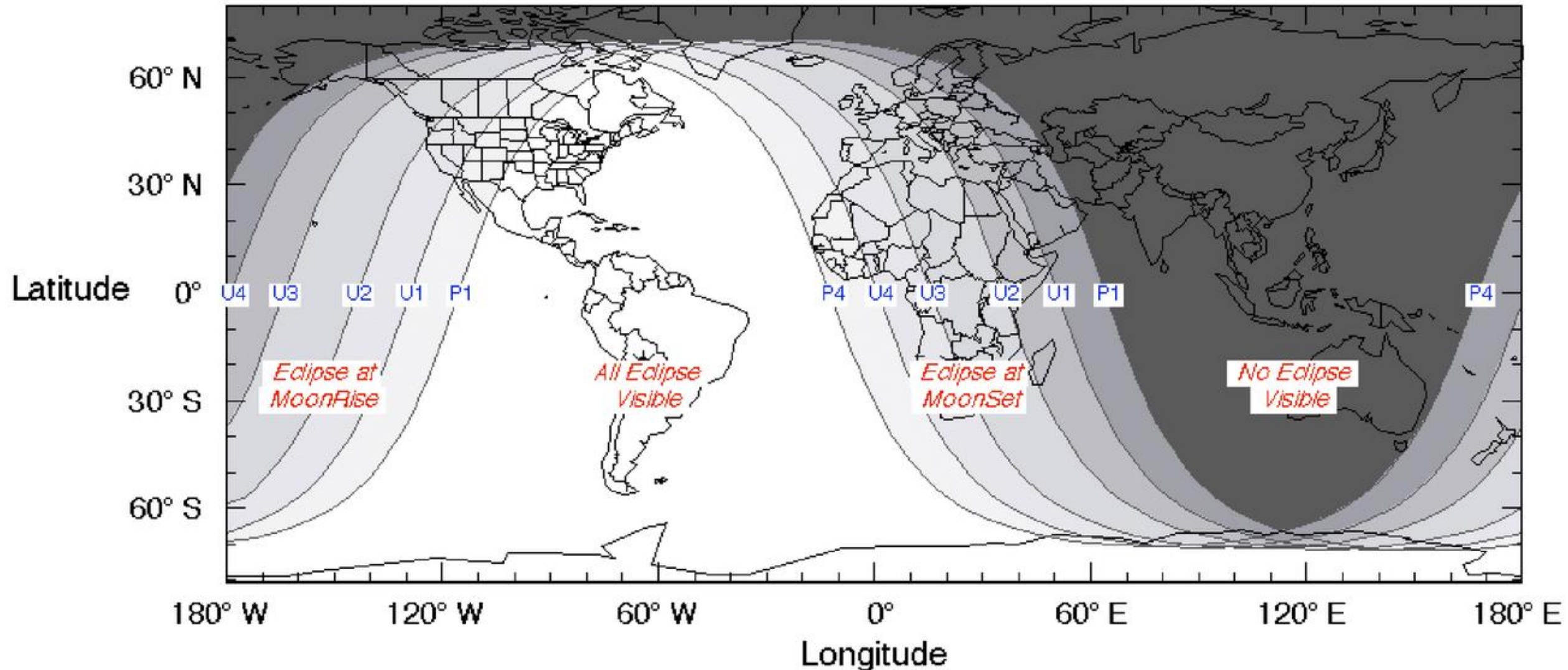
Total Lunar Eclipse of 2022 May 16

A Bologna inizia alle 4:28 a 11 gradi sull'orizzonte

Totalità alle 5:29 mentre tramonta

Eclipse Conjunction = 04:15:18.6 TD (= 04:11:06.8 UT)
Greatest Eclipse = 04:12:41.6 TD (= 04:11:28.8 UT)

Penumbral Magnitude = 2.3726 P. Radius = 1.2854° Gamma = -0.2532



Partial Solar Eclipse of 2022 Oct 25

Geocentric Conjunction = 10:03:36.7 UT J.D. = 2459877.919175
Greatest Eclipse = 11:00:00.4 UT J.D. = 2459877.958338

Eclipse Magnitude = 0.8611 Gamma = 1.0700

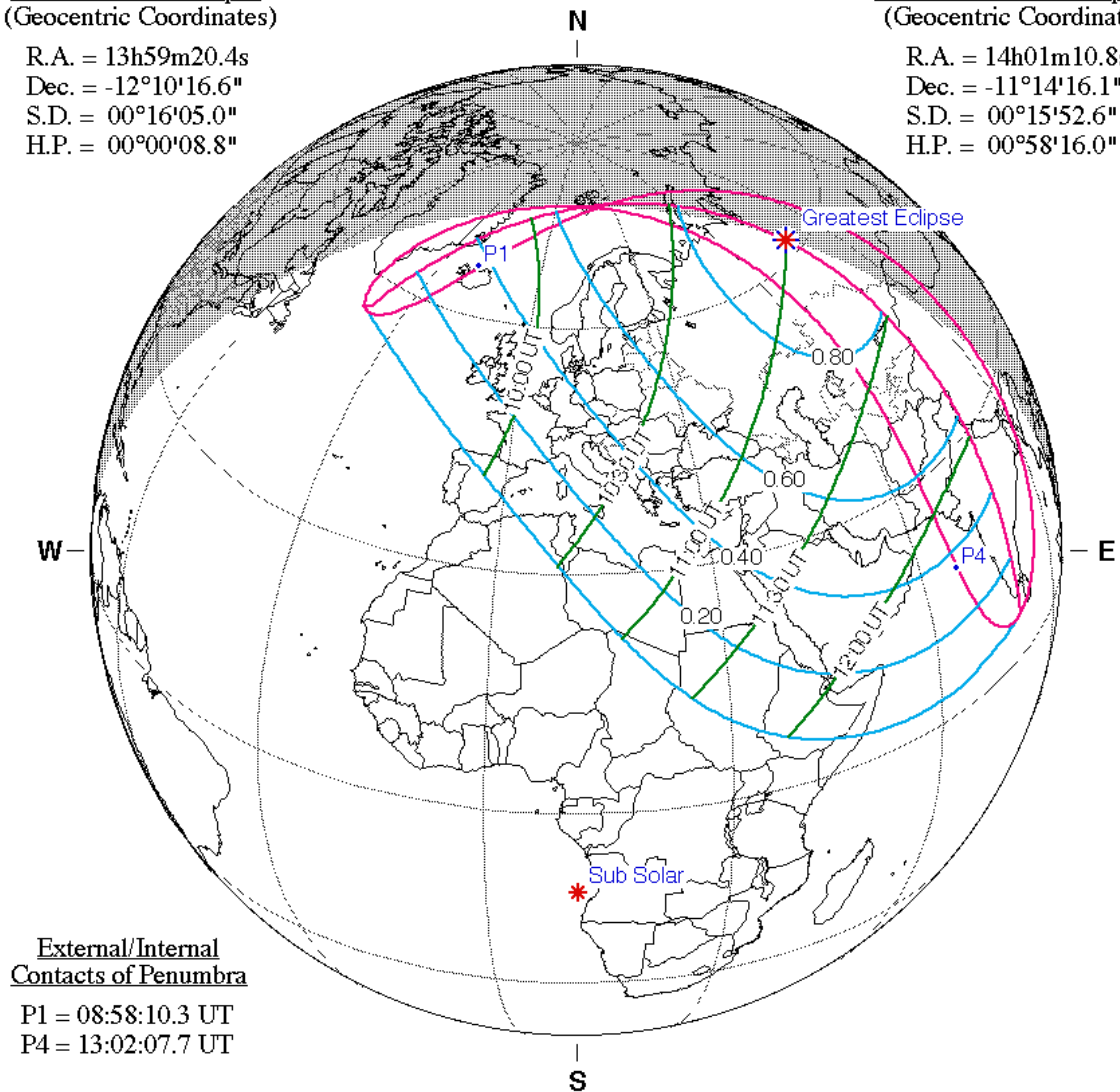
Saros Series = 124 Member = 55 of 73

Sun at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 13h59m20.4s
Dec. = -12°10'16.6"
S.D. = 00°16'05.0"
H.P. = 00°00'08.8"

Moon at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 14h01m10.8s
Dec. = -11°14'16.1"
S.D. = 00°15'52.6"
H.P. = 00°58'16.0"



External/Internal Contacts of Penumbra

P1 = 08:58:10.3 UT
P4 = 13:02:07.7 UT

Bologna (Italy)

Azi. 167° Alt. 32° Obs (%): 17.8

Time: 12h 14m 32s

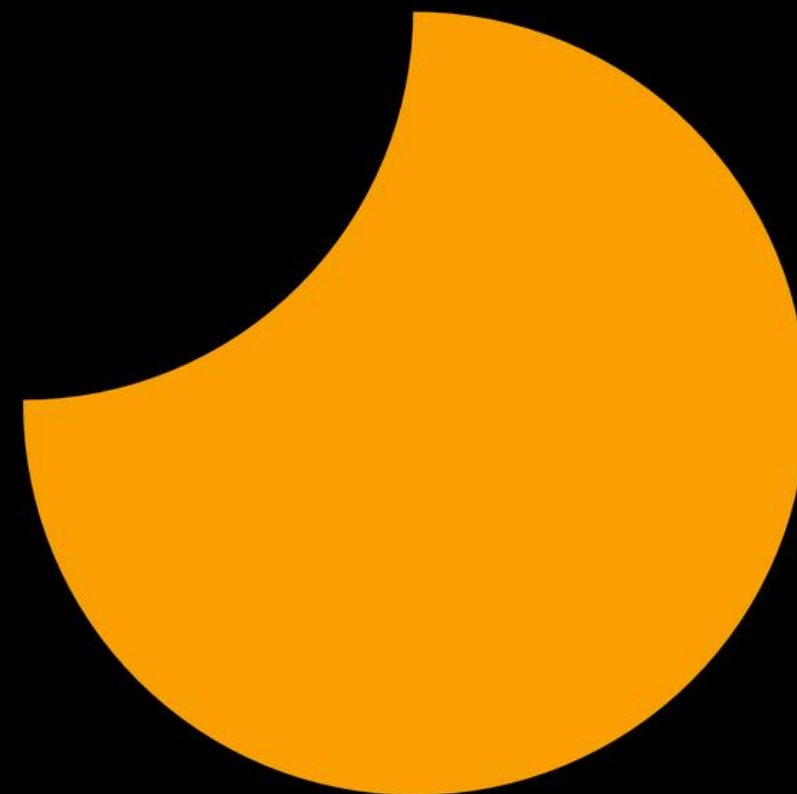
Central European Standard Time

Greatest

Z

Live

Inizio 11:20 → fine 13:15



Total Lunar Eclipse of 2022 Nov 08

Ecliptic Conjunction = 11:03:18.4 TD (= 11:02:05.3 UT)

Greatest Eclipse = 11:00:22.0 TD (= 10:59:08.8 UT)

Penumbral Magnitude = 2.4143

P. Radius = 1.2164°

Gamma = 0.2570

Umbral Magnitude = 1.3589

U. Radius = 0.6783°

Axis = 0.2404°

Saros Series = 136

Member = 20 of 72

Sun at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 14h54m11.2s

Dec. = -16°37'47.0"

S.D. = 00°16'08.5"

H.P. = 00°00'08.9"

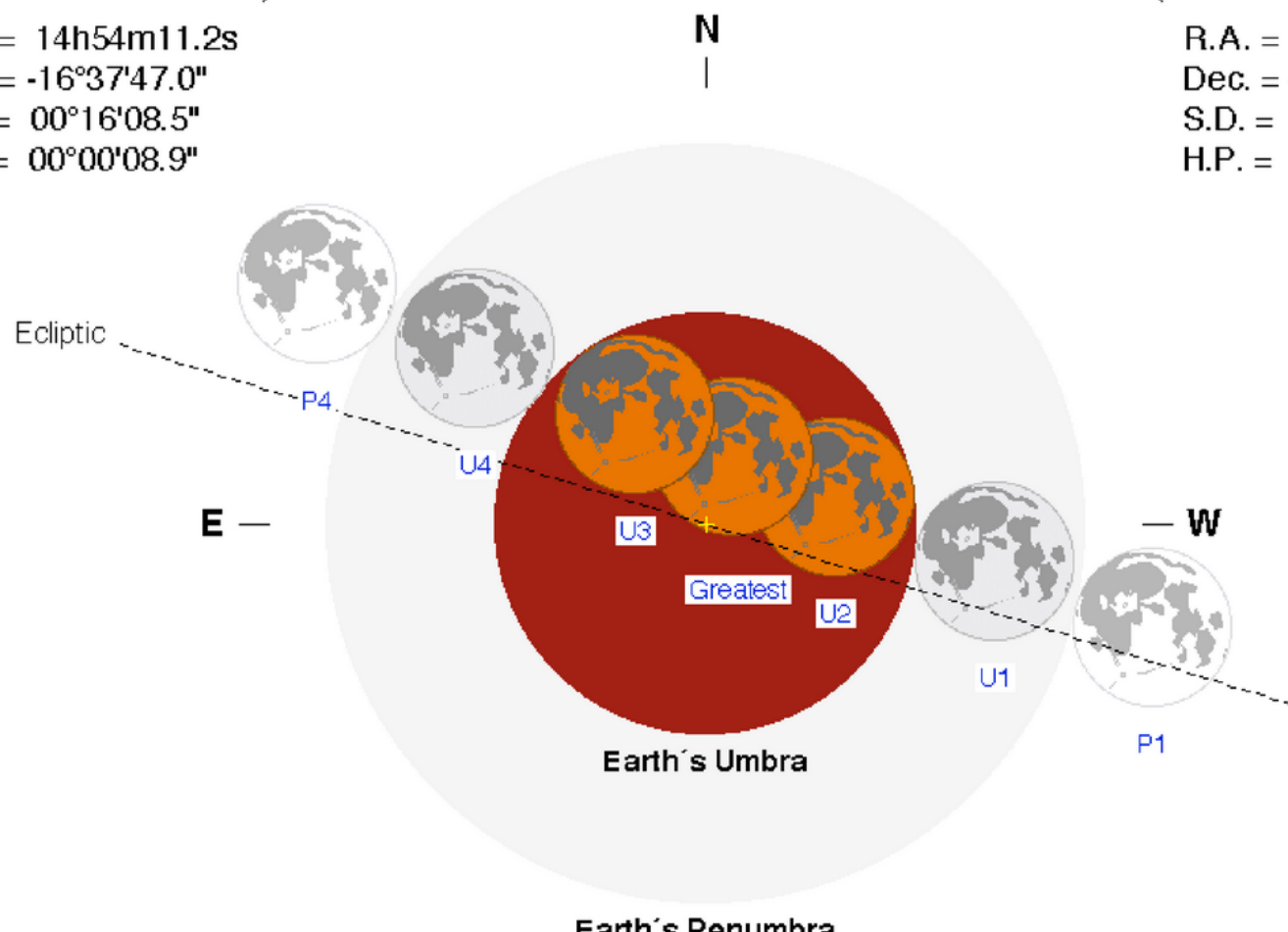
Moon at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 02h53m48.1s

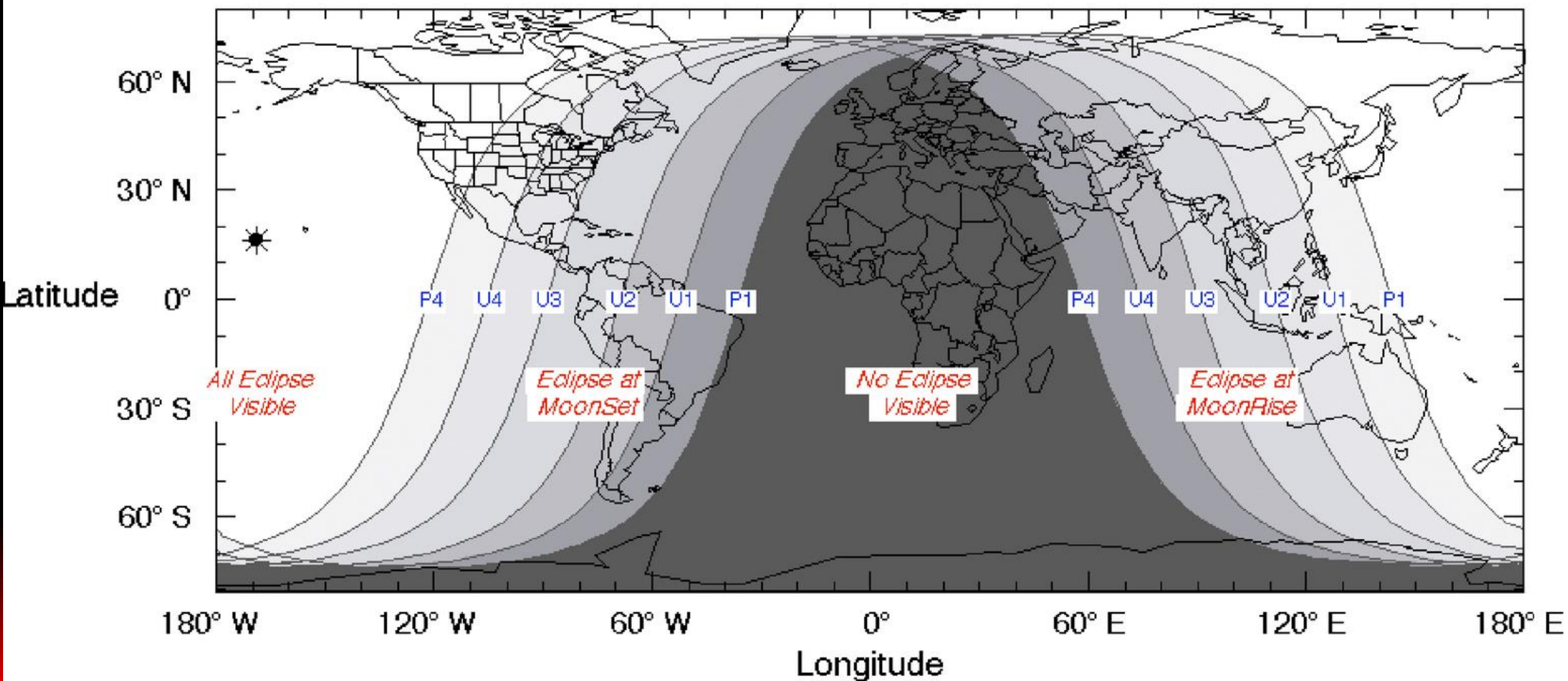
Dec. = +16°51'06.7"

S.D. = 00°15'17.7"

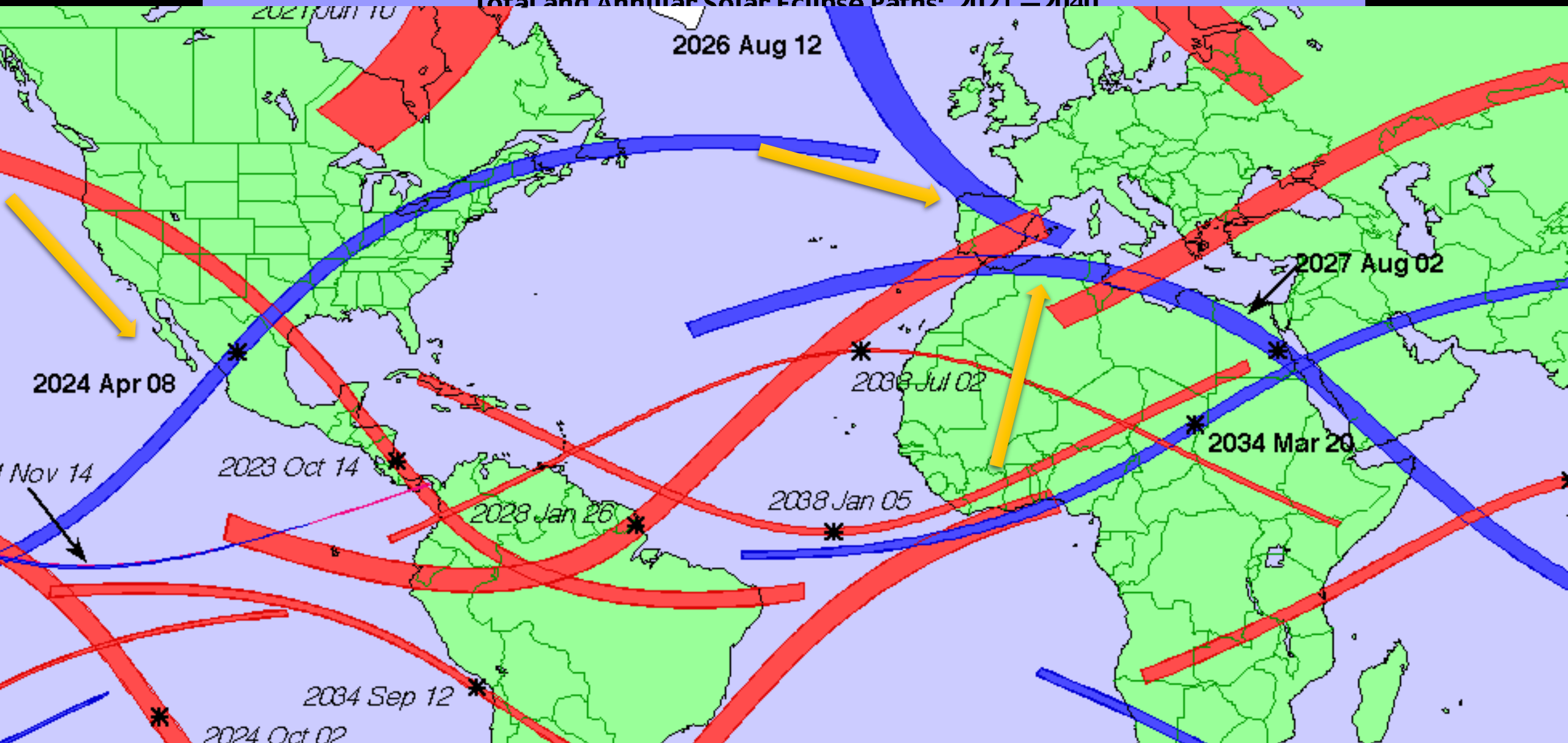
H.P. = 00°56'07.8"



Invisibile dall'Europa !

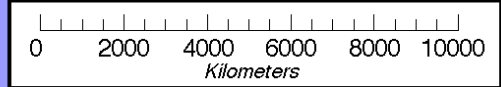


Total and Annular Solar Eclipse Paths: 2021 – 2040

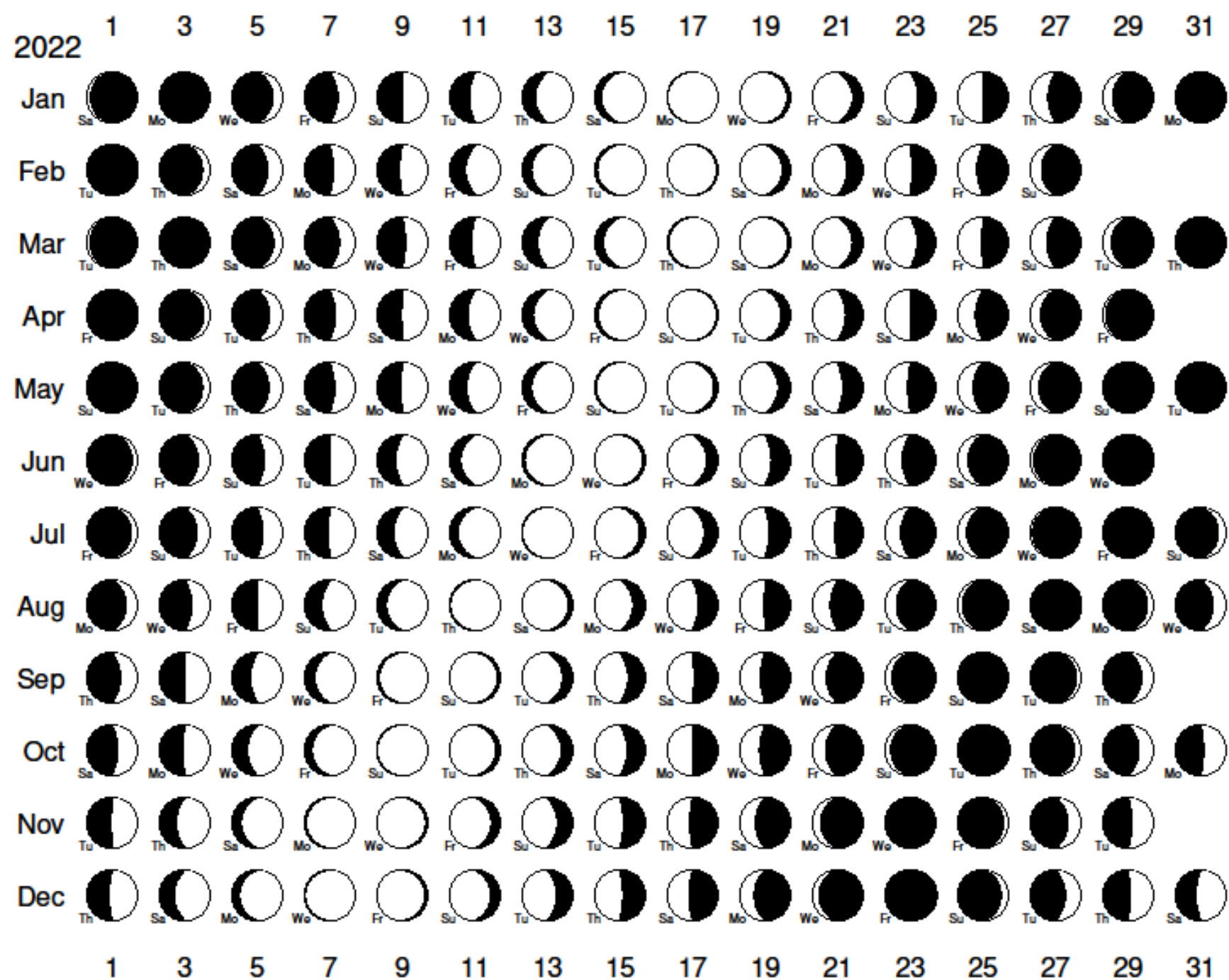


- Total Eclipse
- Annular Eclipse
- Hybrid Eclipse

Longitude



Fasi lunari 2022



Pasqua 2022

Regole fissate dal
concilio di Nicea (325)

La prima domenica
dopo la prima Luna
piena di primavera

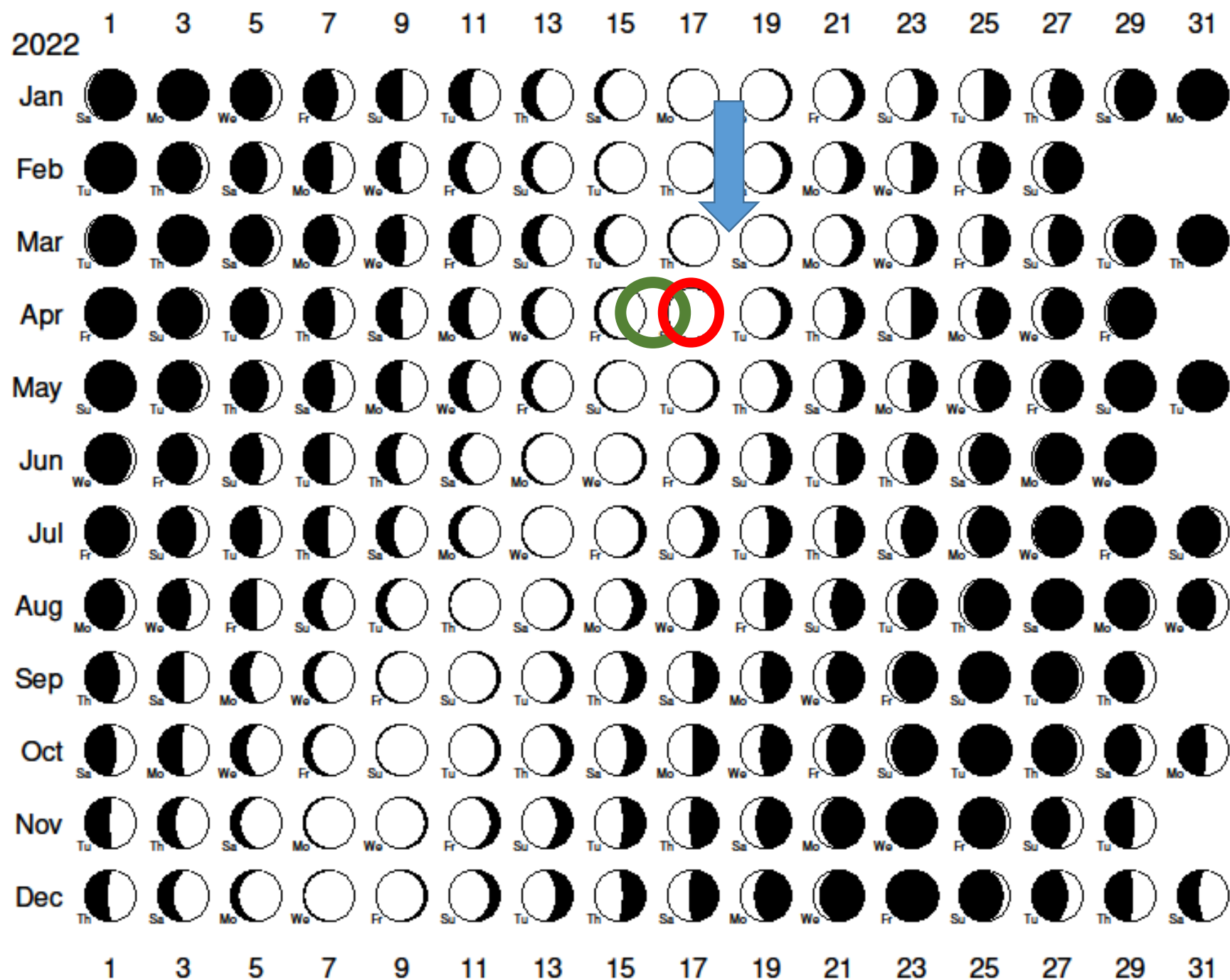
Luna piena il 18 Marzo

Successiva il 16 Aprile

Ma è sabato

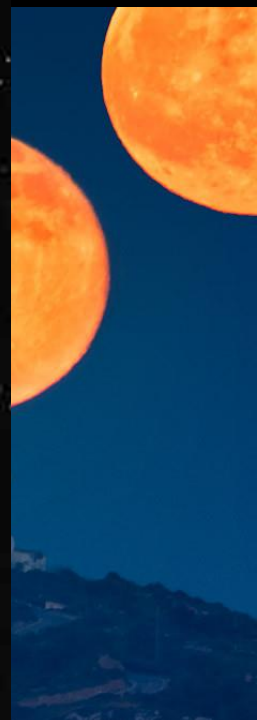
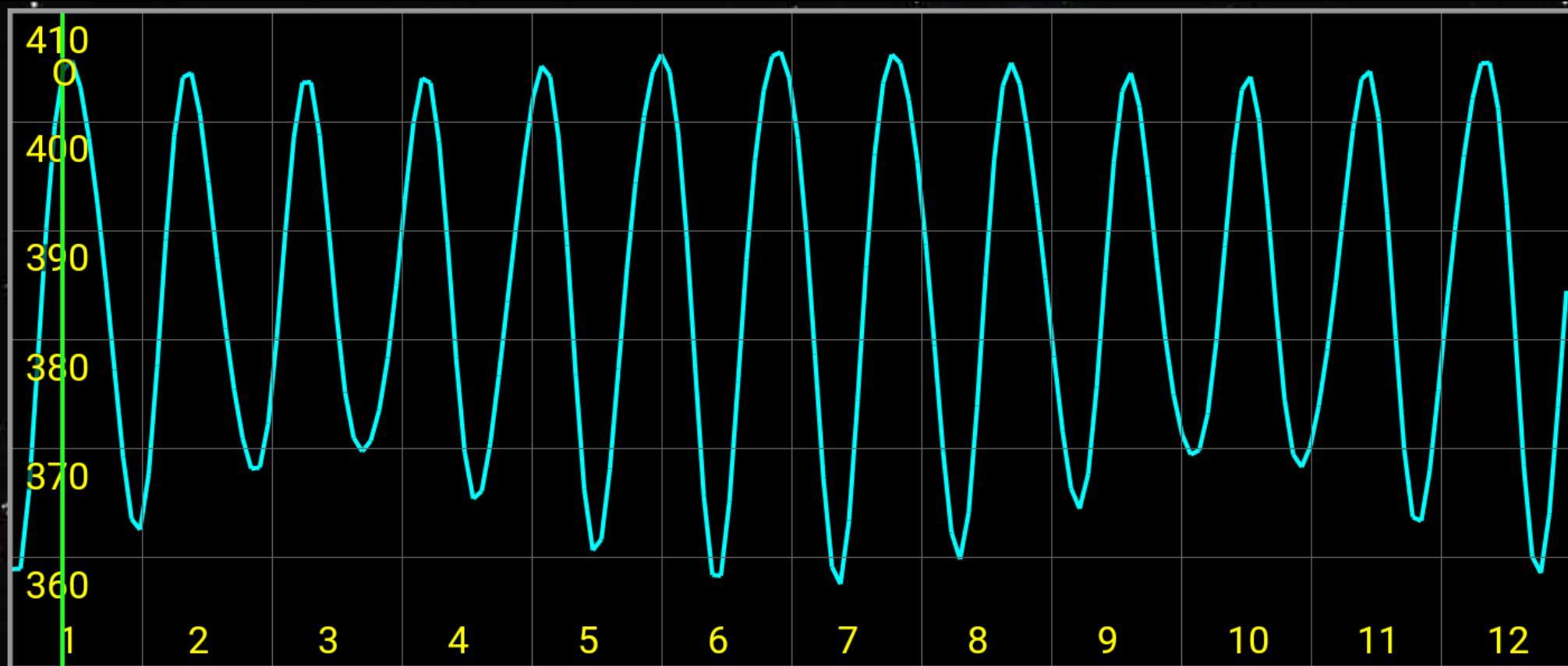
La domenica successiva

Sarà il 17 aprile



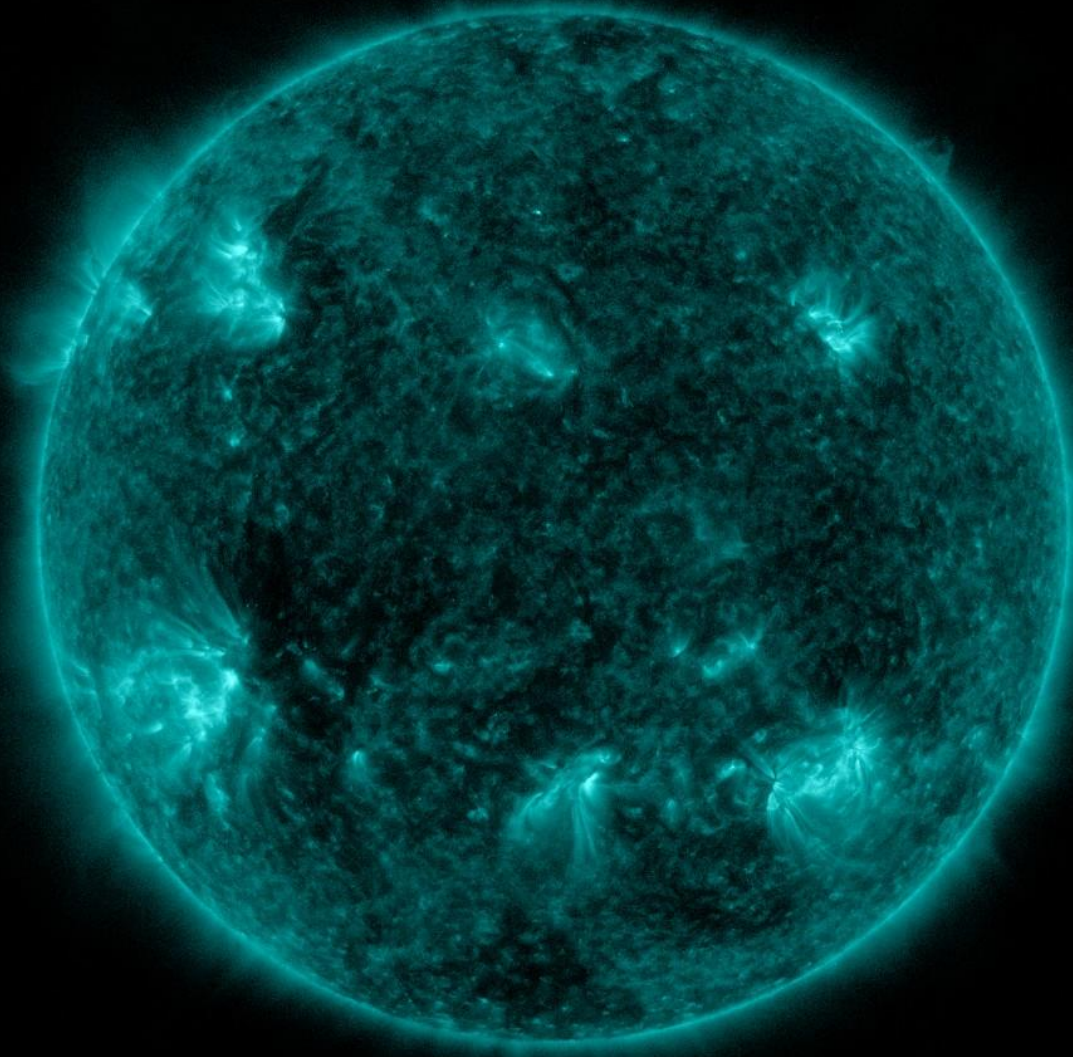
Luna piena al perigeo (superlune)

		Km	diam. primi	
Lunedì, 16 Maggio	Luna piena	360291	33,17	perigeo il 17 Maggio
Martedì, 14 Giugno	Luna piena	357426	33,43	perigeo il 15 Giugno
Mercoledì, 13 Luglio	Luna piena	357410	32,43	perigeo il 13 Luglio
Venerdì, 12 Agosto	Luna piena	361402	33,06	perigeo il 10 Agosto

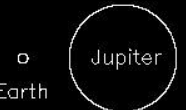


Il ciclo delle macchie solari

SDO HMI 11-Jan-2022



10 Earth

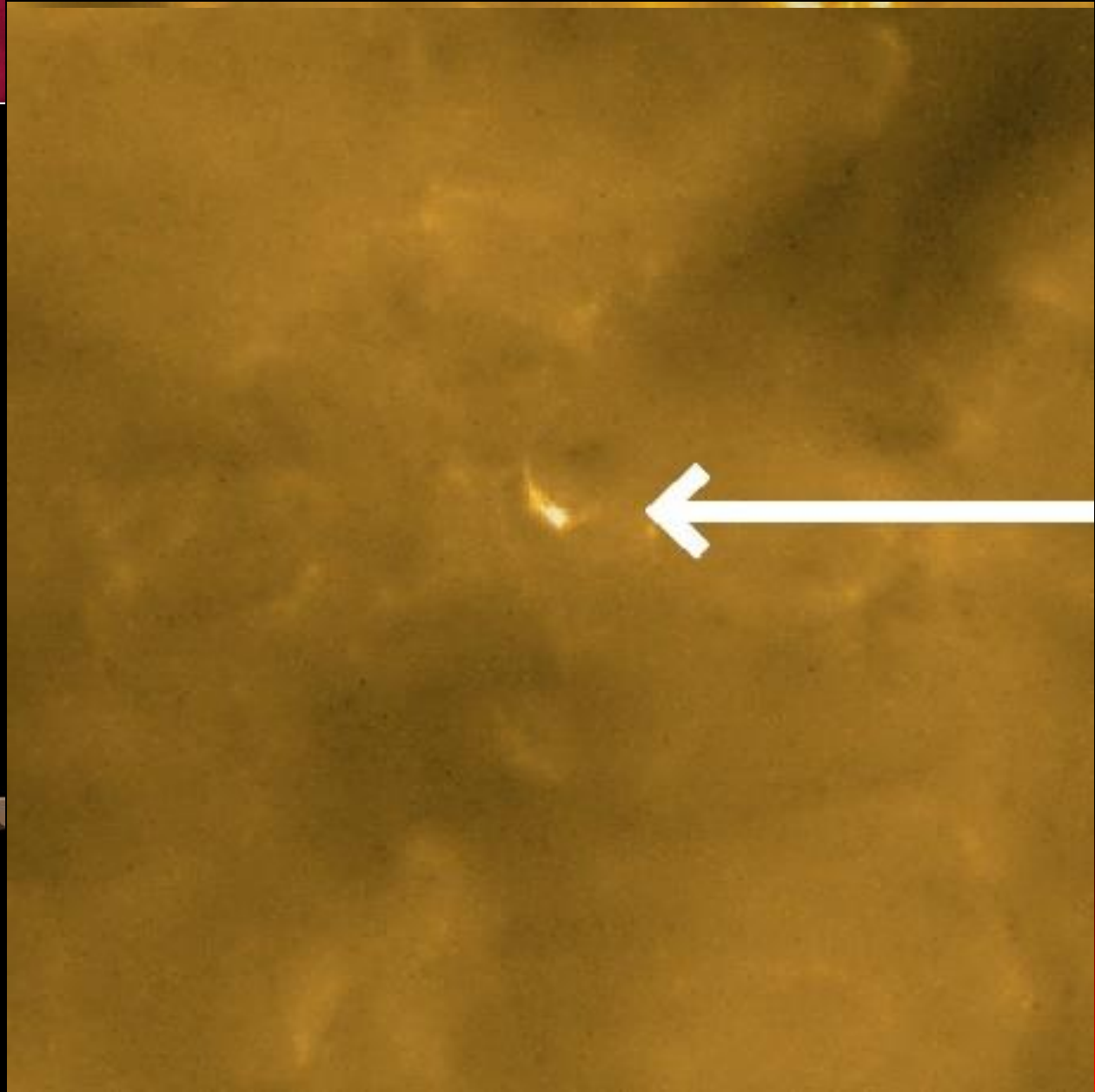
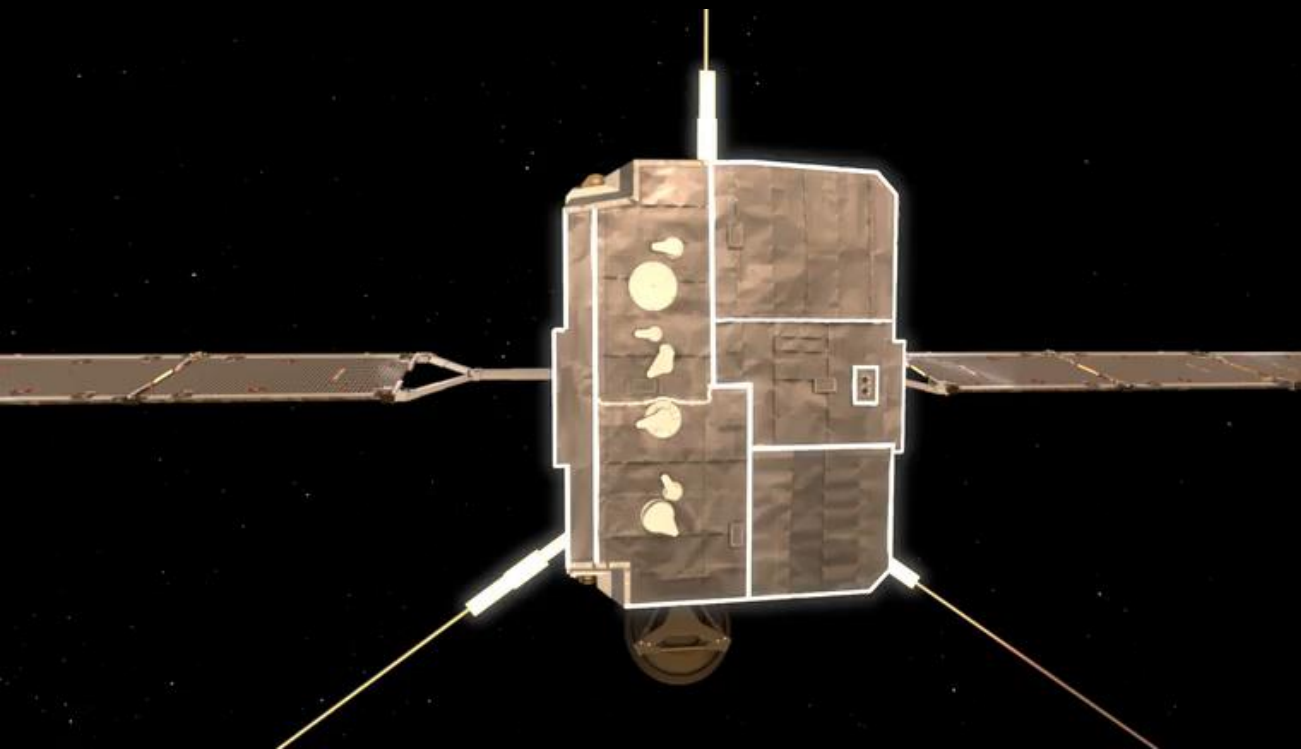


solar orbiter



ESA SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY SOLAR ORBITER

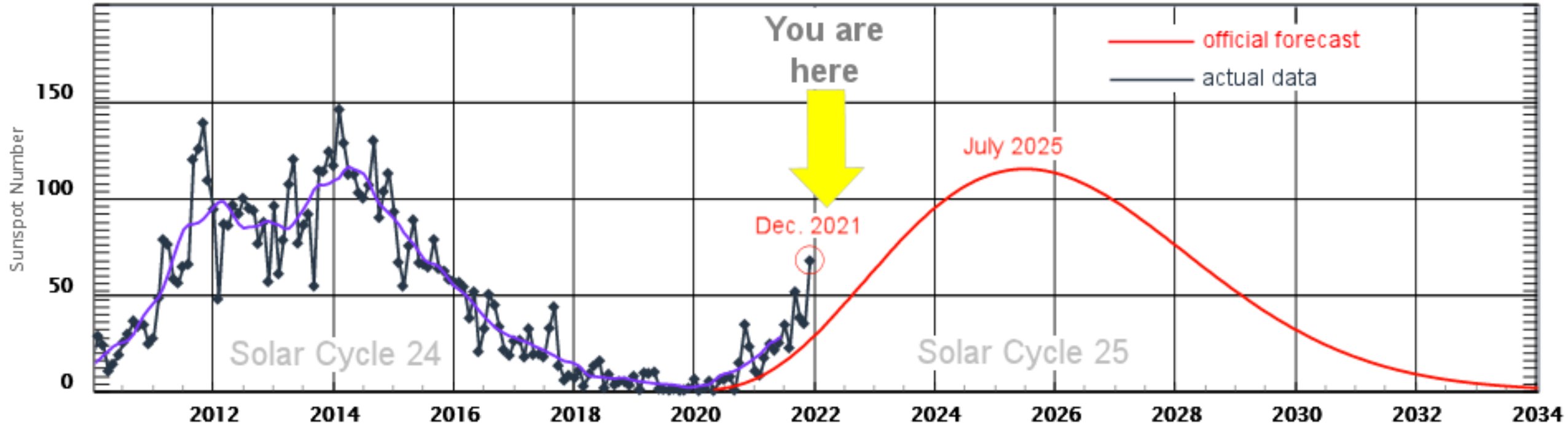
<https://sci.esa.int/web/solar-orbiter>



Il ciclo delle macchie solari

400

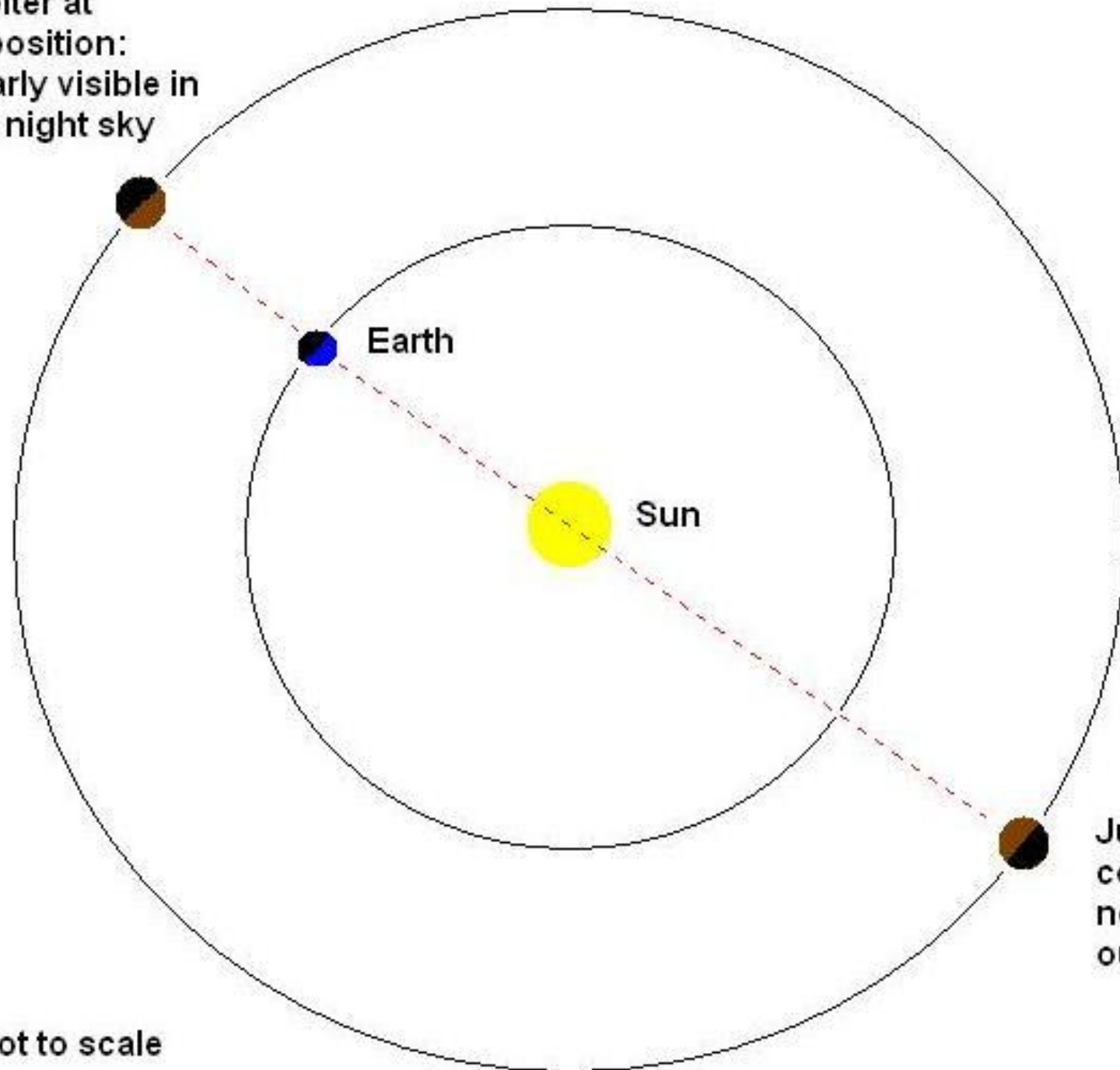
Sunspot Counts: Predicted vs. Actual



- Media mensile totale del numero di macchie solari
- ◆ Numero mensile totale di macchie solari arrotondato per 13 mesi



**Jupiter at
opposition:
clearly visible in
our night sky**



Earth

Sun

**Jupiter at
conjunction:
not visible in
our night sky**

Not to scale

Neptune

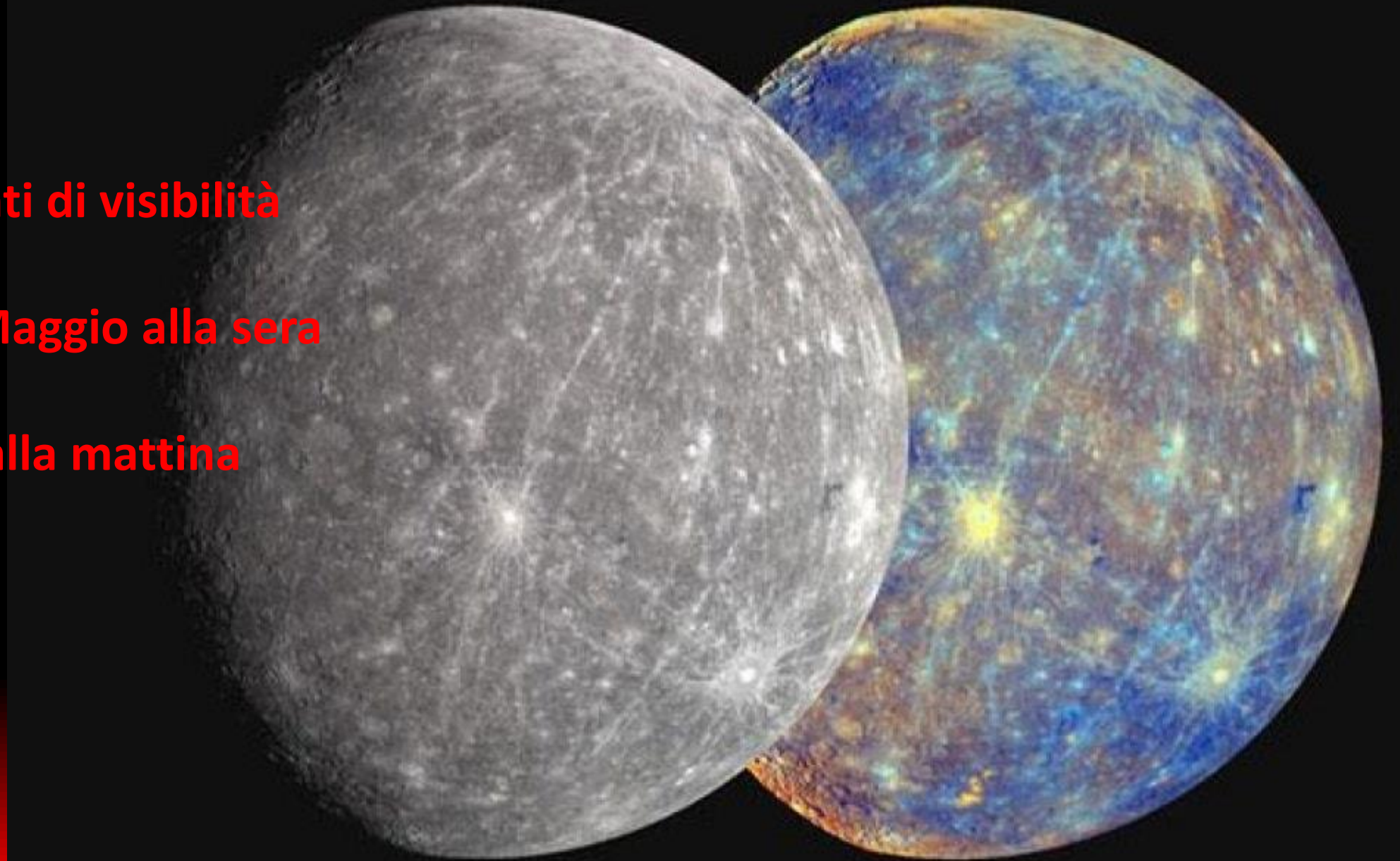


Mercurio

Migliori momenti di visibilità

18 Aprile – 10 Maggio alla sera

3 – 17 Ottobre alla mattina



Venere

Migliori momenti di visibilità

**17 Gennaio – 27 Agosto alla mattina
(favorevoli condizioni 29/1 -> 27/2)**

23 Dicembre → alla sera



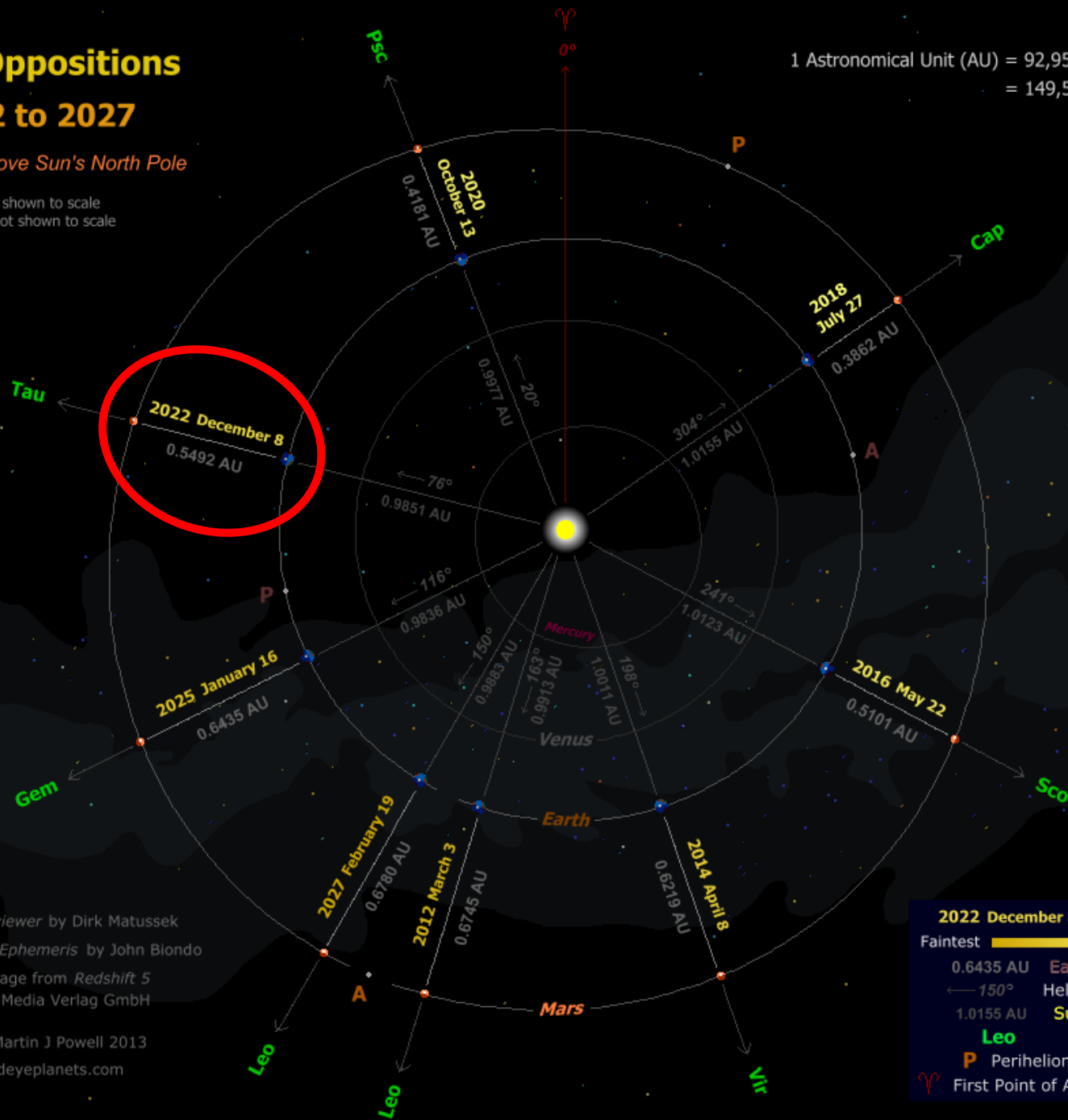
Mars Oppositions 2012 to 2027

View from above Sun's North Pole

Orbits shown to scale
Planets not shown to scale

1 Astronomical Unit (AU) = 92,955,806 statute miles
= 149,597,870 kilometres

Marte !!



Orbits from *Astroviewer* by Dirk Matussek
Data from *SkyGazer Ephemeris* by John Biondo

Background image from *Redshift 5*
by United Soft Media Verlag GmbH

Diagram © Martin J Powell 2013
www.nakedeyeplanets.com

2022 December 8 Opposition date

Faintest Brightest

0.6435 AU Earth-Mars distance

← 150° Heliocentric longitude

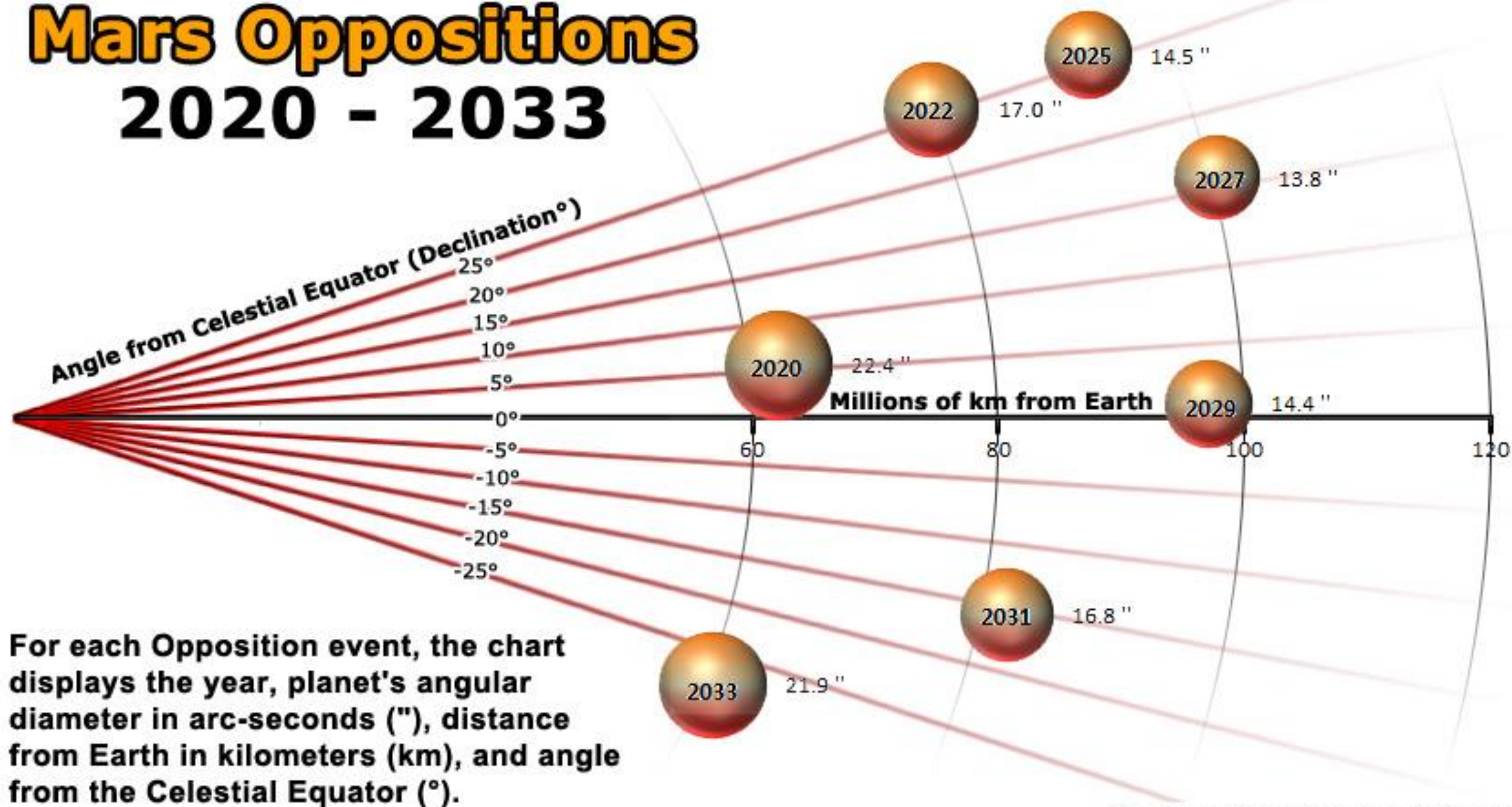
1.0155 AU Sun-Earth distance

Leo Constellation



P Perihelion A Aphelion

















♈ First Point of Aries (Vernal Equinox)

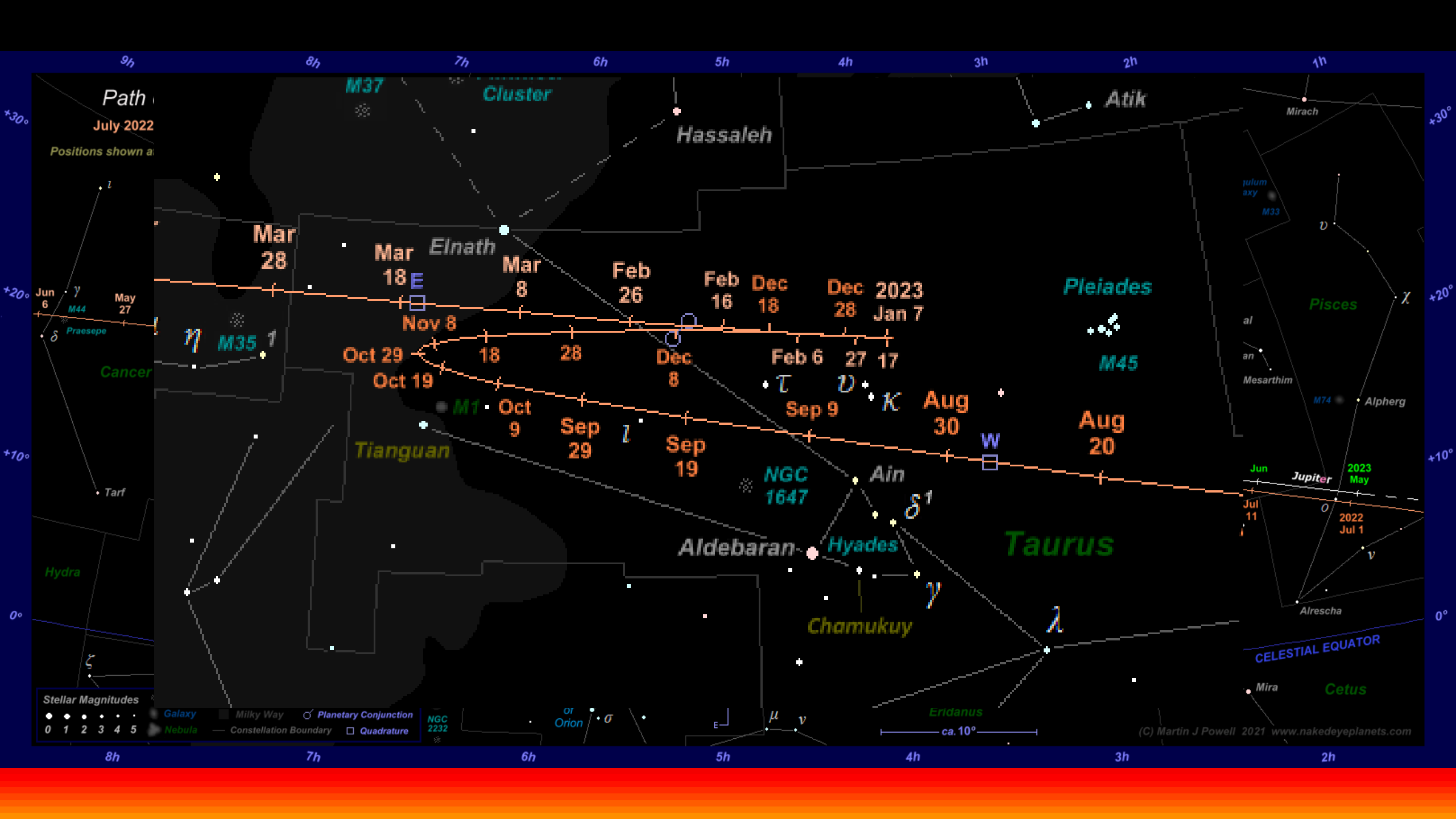
Mars Oppositions 2020 - 2033



For each Opposition event, the chart displays the year, planet's angular diameter in arc-seconds ("), distance from Earth in kilometers (km), and angle from the Celestial Equator (°).

Date	Constellation		Apparent Magnitude	Apparent Diameter (arcsecs)	Tilt (D _E)	View from Earth (North up)	Distance (AU)*		Solar Elongation	Illuminated Phase	Central Meridian Longitude	
							from Earth	from Sun				
2022	Jul 1		Psc	+0.4	7".2	-20°.1		1.2975	1.3819	72°W	85%	231°
	Jul 11		Ari	+0.4	7".5	-18°.1		1.2446	1.3840	74°W	85%	133°
	Jul 21		Ari	+0.3	7".8	-15°.9		1.1914	1.3875	77°W	85%	35°
	Jul 31		Ari	+0.2	8".2	-13°.6		1.1375	1.3923	80°W	84%	298°
	Aug 10		Tau	+0.1	8".6	-11°.2		1.0827	1.3985	83°W	84%	201°
	Aug 20		Tau	+0.0	9".1	-8°.9		1.0270	1.4059	87°W	84%	104°
	Aug 30		Tau	-0.1	9".6	-6°.6		0.9702	1.4143	91°W	85%	8°
	Sep 9		Tau	-0.2	10".2	-4°.5		0.9124	1.4238	95°W	85%	272°
	Sep 19		Tau	-0.3	10".9	-2°.6		0.8541	1.4342	100°W	86%	177°
	Sep 29		Tau	-0.5	11".7	-1°.0		0.7957	1.4453	106°W	87%	82°
	Oct 9		Tau	-0.7	12".7	+0°.0		0.7383	1.4571	113°W	88%	348°
	Oct 19		Tau	-0.9	13".7	+0°.7		0.6835	1.4694	121°W	90%	255°
	Oct 29		Tau	-1.1	14".8	+0°.7		0.6334	1.4820	130°W	92%	163°

Date	Constellation		Apparent Magnitude	Apparent Diameter (arcsecs)	Tilt (D_E)	View from Earth (North up)	Distance (AU)*		Solar Elongation	Illuminated Phase	Central Meridian Longitude
							from Earth	from Sun			
Oct 19		Tau	-0.9	13".7	+0°.7		0.6835	1.4694	121°W	90%	255°
Oct 29		Tau	-1.1	14".8	+0°.7		0.6334	1.4820	130°W	92%	163°
Nov 8		Tau	-1.4	15".8	+0°.1		0.5912	1.4949	140°W	95%	72°
Nov 18		Tau	-1.6	16".7	-1°.2		0.5605	1.5080	152°W	97%	343°
Nov 28		Tau	-1.8	17".1	-3°.1		0.5454	1.5210	165°W	99%	254°
Dec 8		Tau	-1.9	17".0	-5°.1		0.5492	1.5340	177°W	100%	167°
Dec 18		Tau	-1.6	16".3	-7°.0		0.5731	1.5468	166°E	99%	78°
Dec 28		Tau	-1.3	15".2	-8°.4		0.6163	1.5593	153°E	98%	350°



Path

July 2022

Positions shown at

M37

Cluster

Hassaleh

Atik

Mirach

Mar 28

Mar 18 E

Elnath

Mar 8

Feb 26

Feb 16

Dec 18

Dec 28 2023

Pleiades

Pisces

Julum

axy

M33

al

an

Mesarthim

M74

Alperg

Oct 29

Oct 19

M1

Oct 9

Sep 29

Sep 19

Dec 8

τ

Sep 9

Feb 6

U

Feb 27

Jan 17

Aug 30

W

M45

Aug 20

Jun

Jupiter

2023

May

Jul

Jul 11

2022

Jul 1

Cancer

η

M35

1

Tianguan

NGC 1647

Ain

Hyades

Taurus

Aldebaran

Chamukuy

λ

CELESTIAL EQUATOR

Alrescha

Cetus

Mira

Eridanus

Orion

NGC 2232

(C) Martin J Powell 2021 www.nakedeyeplanets.com

8h

7h

6h

5h

4h

3h

2h

+30°

+30°

+20°

+20°

+10°

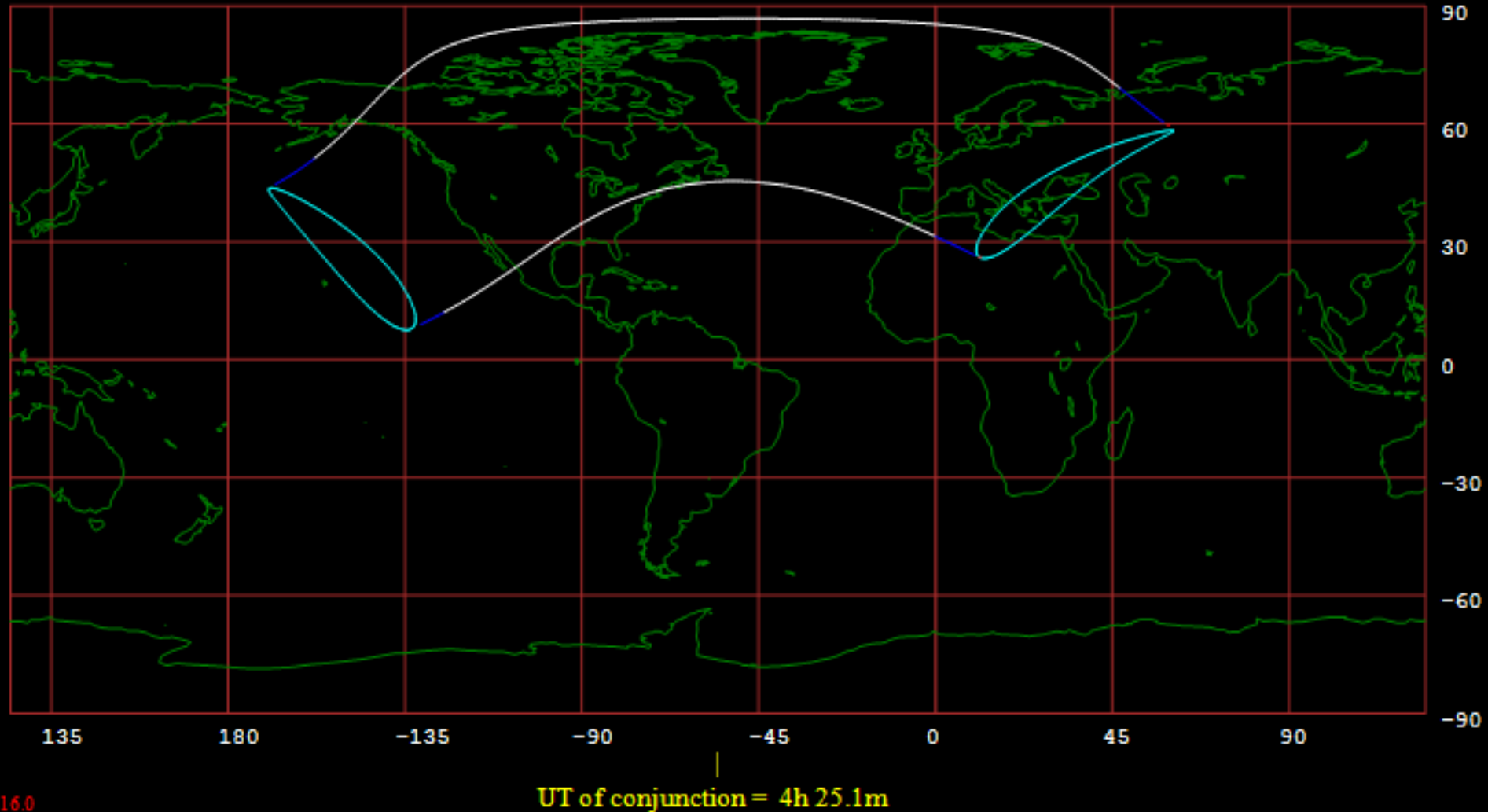
+10°

0°

0°

**Istanti per Bologna - mattina di Giovedì 8 Dicembre 2022- Luna piena !
Scomparsa alle 6:12 a 16° sull'orizzonte
Ricomparsa alle 7:06 a 7° sull'orizzonte (Sole a -6 °)**

Occultation of Mars, Magnitude -1.9, on 2022 Dec 8

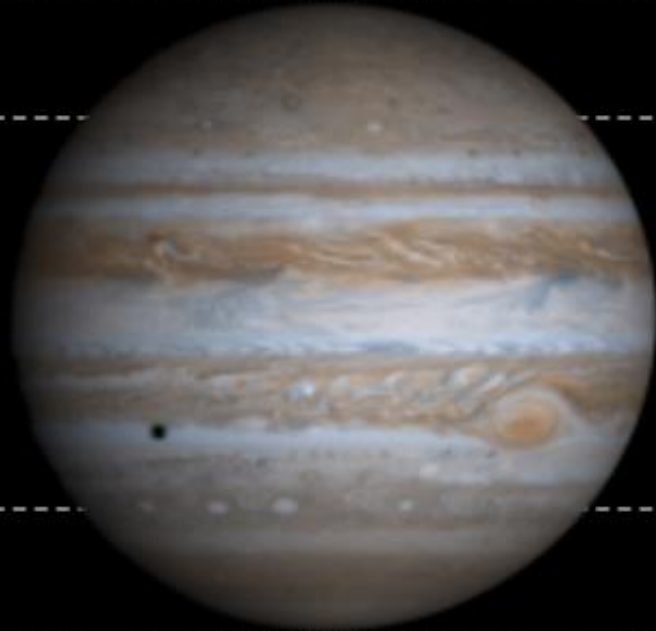




M.Molinari Roma 6 September 2020 8.20 a.m. ECT

Giove !!

**Nel 2022 sarà
visibile in
condizioni
favorevoli da
fine estate,
l'opposizione
sarà il
26 settembre
49".88**

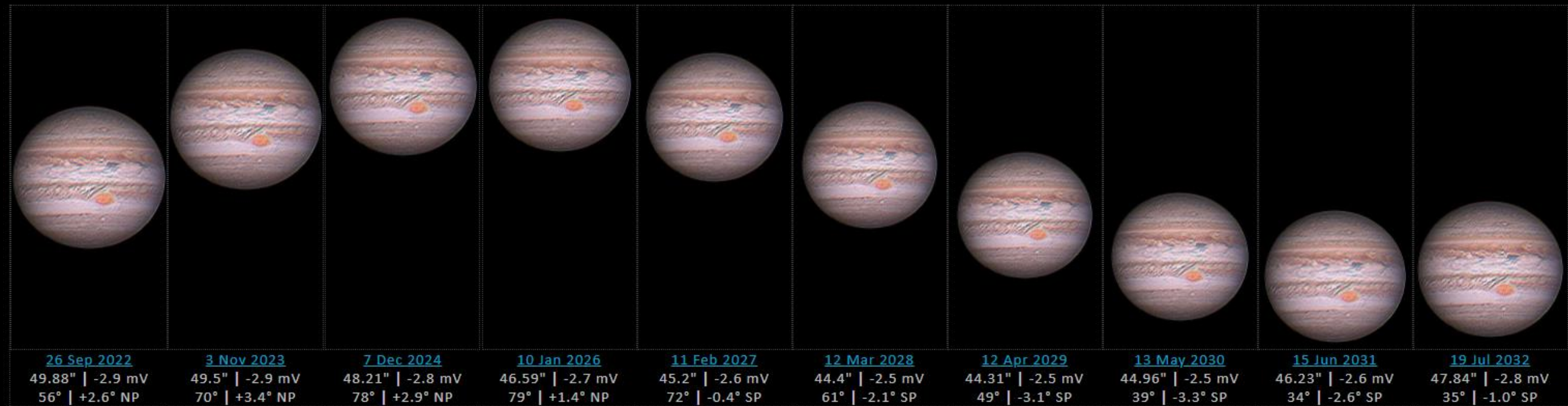


Jupiter at 2022
opposition



Jupiter at solar
conjunction

Dimensioni apparenti e altezze sull'orizzonte



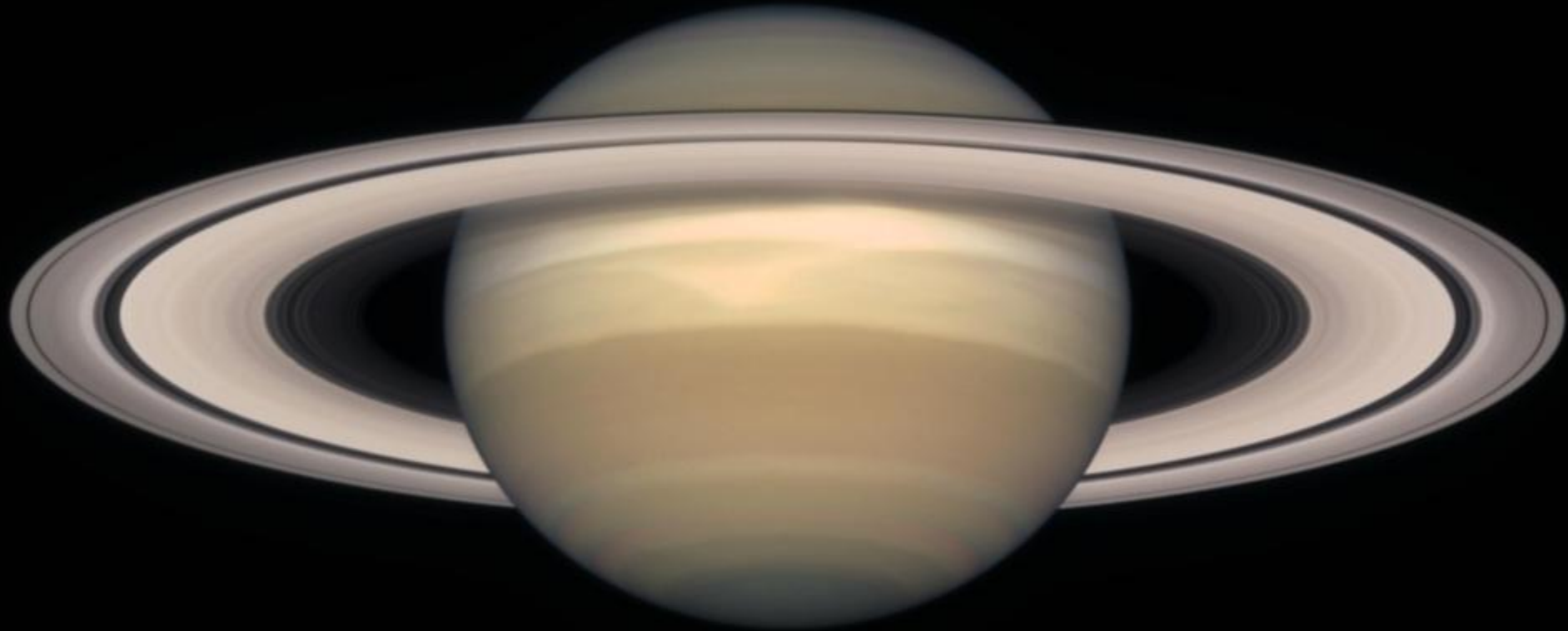
49'',88

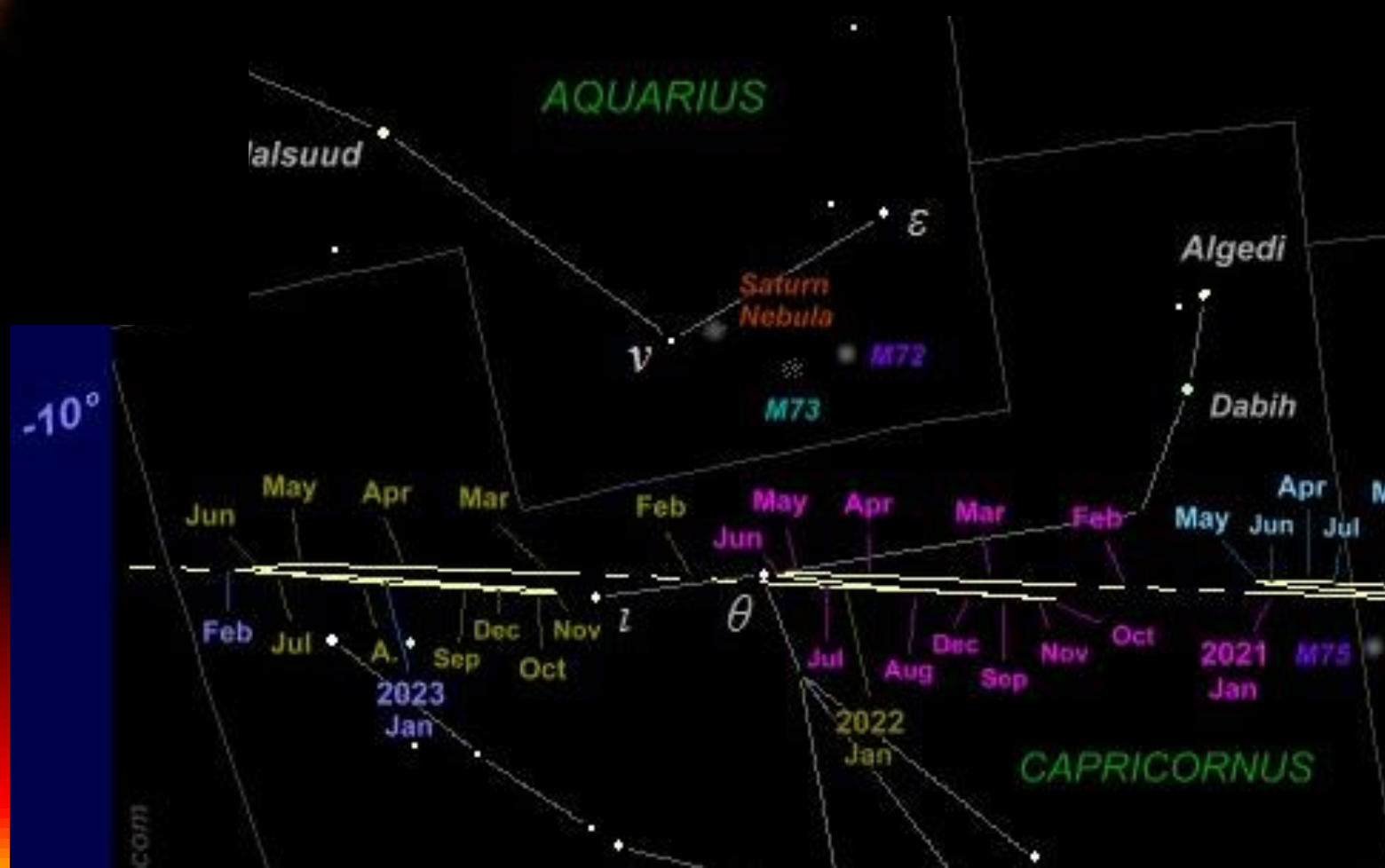


44'',31

Saturno

Nel 2022 sarà visibile in condizioni favorevoli durante il periodo estivo-autunnale, l'opposizione sarà il 14 Agosto





**Grazie per l'attenzione !!!
e.... ora più che mai
Auguri di un sereno 2022**